LAUNCH CAMPAIGN FOR MEMBERSHIP IN CITIZENS' ASS'N.

Luncheon Meetings Planned, One To Be Held in Each County of The State

PROMINENT SPEAKERS TO ASSIST

"Youth in a Social Crisis" is the theme of a series of four luncheon meetings planned by the Delaware Citizens Association, which will car-ry on an intensive membership campaign during American Education Week, November 6th to 12th. The nation-wide wave of retrenchment has not yet seriously affected the Delaware school system. An effort will be made at these meetings to bring the truth about the needs of the schools to the attention of large

the schools to the attention of large numbers of thinking people.

The school's responsibility is greater than ever before. Attendance has been increased, due to the present lack of employment for older pupils. The curriculum has been broadened to keep pace with progress in other fields. Unemployment and reduced incomes have affected many children. It has been necessary, in some instances, for the many children. It has been necessary, in some instances, for the school, through its teachers, to provide health protection for these children. Many Delaware teachers, with the aid of public, have taken upon themselves the responsibility of seeing that the children in their care have proper food and clothing. Serious-minded citizens, realizing the continued necessity for careful budgeting of the State's resources, are asking themselves how the efasking themselves how the efficiency of the educational system may be maintained.

The committee of Delaware Citi-

zens Association, of which the Hon. Hugh M. Morris is president, has planned the meetings with this problem in, mind. One luncheon will be held in each county. be held in each county. Each will be featured by an address on a different phase of the problem, follow-ed by a leader familiar with the lo-

cal situation.

The other officers of the Association are: Vice-presidents, Lammot duPont, Burton P. Fowler, William H. Boyce, Frank M. Jones; treasurer, H. Fletcher Brown; secretary, Miss Etta J. Wilson; executive commit-tee, Hugh M. Morris, Robert H. Richards, H. Fletcher Brown, J. E.

Goslee, Mrs. J. Thompson Brown.

The membership fee has been reduced to one dollar in order that large numbers of people may be-come familiar with the critical situ-ation confronting educators today. The subject of the first meeting will be "Mobilizing for the Protection of Delaware Youth."

M. P. CHURCH NOTES

Sunday is Education Sunday, the ast day of National Education Veek. It is also the last day of Week. It is also the last day of Father and Son Week, known as Father and Son Sunday. It is also the Sunday nearest Armistice Day. When one thinks of these three things, he wonders what he should observe. The pastor of the church remembers the signing of the armistice and the loy it brought and tice and the joy it brought and feels that the peace it brought should be continued. He will speak therefore on the subject: "When will we stop being hypocrites?" Text: "Quit you like men. Be strong."—I Cor.,

The evening service will be some thing unusually good. A Seth Par-ker program will be given. You bet-ter had prepare to come than wish Many of you have heard But he comes on too late for early sleepers. But he will be here Sunday evening at 7:30 and he will have his meeting folks with him. He has promised to sing several of his own

a turkey supper Thursday evening, November 23, in the church annex.

The second quarterly district rally man ever. will be held in the Salisbury Church
Tuesday, November 21. There will
be afternoon and evening sessions
and the Salisbury Church will serve
dinner. Rev. Charles L. Goodell, of
New York, secretary of the com-New York, secretary of the com-mittee on Evangelism of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, will be the principal speak-er. He is worth while hearing.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 15TH,
"WILMINGTON DAY"

Wednesday, November 15th, has been designated by the Mercantile Section of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce as the date of the Of-ficial Fall "Wilmington Day", when more than one hundred of Wilmingmore than one hundred of Wilming-tion's leading merchants will com-bine their efforts in a great commu-nity-wide event in offering to the shoppers of Delaware, Eastern Shore Counties of Maryland and ad-jacent counties of Pennsylvania and New Jersey a wide variety of bar-gains in dependable, seasonable wearing apparel, merchandise for the home and practically all other lines.

lines.

In addition to the fact that the event offers to shoppers an opportunity to buy at bargain prices, it also offers these shoppers an opportunity to see, as a result of the combined effort of the Wilmington merchants, the very latest Fall and Winter creations in wearing apparel for men, women and children and furnishings for their homes.

For the past month the various committees representing the Mercantile Section as well as those merchants who will participate in the forthcoming event have been exert-

chants who will participate in the forthcoming event have been exerting every effort to make this "Wilmington Day" the premier event since its inception two years ago. The event is being given an unusual amount of publicity not only in Wilmington, but throughout the enter Del-Mary and participated with the pole-Mary and participated with the participated

Wilmington, but througnout the en-tire Del-Mar-Va Penisula and ad-joining counties of Pennsylvania and New Jersey, which undoubtedly will bring and overwhelmning public re-sponse. Anticipating a great influx of shoppers the more than one hun-dred merchants have made unusual preparations for the occasion. Pur-chasing authorities of these stores have combed the wholesale and manhave combed the wholesale and manufacturing markets for additions to their already widely diversified stocks, and have arranged to employ several hundred extra sales persons so that they may render the best possible service to "Wilmington Day" shoppers.

Arrangements have also been made to see that shoppers from out-of-town are shown every possible courtesy by members of the Bureau for Police. All members of the Bureau have been instructed by the Superintendent of Public Safety, Bue

of Police. All members of the Bureau have been instructed by the Superintendent of Public Safety, Bureau of Police, to do their best to show every possible courtesy to vistiors, as is the custom of the Bureau, and also to be prepared to render any service possible to expedite the shopping of visitors. Several of the mid-city garages are cooperating also by offering parking service at reduced rates for the occasion.

M. E. CHURCH NOTES

Services on the Sabbath well attended and much enjoyed by every-

tended and much enjoyed by everybody.

Services for Sunday as follows:

9:30 A. M.— An old-fashioned class
meeting, led by A. D. McCabe. Visitors always welcome.

9:45 A. M.—The Church School in all departments, H. J. Ramsdell, superintendent, in charge. Classes for all ages.

Offering by classes next Sunday will be the "mark-up" Sunday for November.

11:00 A. M .- The Rev. W. E. Hab bart, District Superintendent of the Dover District of the Wilmington Conference, will deliver the morning

6:45 P. M.—The Epworth League devotional meeting. Leader, Miss Virginia LeCompte.

7:30 P. M.—The Peoples Popular Praise and Gospel Service. The pas-tor's evening subject: "What is a

Christian?" Special singing at each service.

Special singing at each service.
7:30 P. M., Wednesday—Prayer meeting, pastor leading.
Our 2nd and 3rd Quarterly Conferences, held on Wednesday evening of last week, were well attended. The reports showed much interest in all departments of the church.

his meeting folks with him. He has promised to sing several of his own selections, "We Are Gathering with the Lard Today," "Jesus is My Neighbor", "You Go to Your Church and I'll Go to Mine."

The second quarterly conference the following several properties of the motion, which was unanimously carried. The pastor, in a short address, thanked the people with their invitation to return and the people of their conference. Neighbor, and I'll Go to Mine."

The second quarterly conference will meet at the parsonage next Monday evening at 8:15. It is hoped that there will be a good attendant there will be a good attendant the parsonage next stated that Mrs. Collins and himself greatly appreciated the invitation and the nice words spoken; yet he has his home completed at Marshall-has his home completed to move into ton, Del., and expects to move into it in March, 1934, praying that Har-rington Church may secure the best

Gunning Notices for sale at the Harrington, Journal office. Leonard Blades

Pertect Attendance of School for The Month of October

FIRST GRADE (Miss Dickerson's Room) Boys

Harold Melvin Billy Paskey

Ruth Austin Lillian Brown Anna May Clak Mary Hill Edith Legates Thelma Short Anna Lee Tucker Gladys Wix

(Miss Kennerly's Room) Boys Thomas Derrickson, Charles Larrimore

Robert Vincent Leona Fox Thelma Gibbs Ethel Hamilto Elizabeth McKnatt Dorothy Morris Roberta Rose

Agnes Ross SECOND GRADE (Miss Smith's Room) Boys

Adams Ormond Hobbs Billy Knox Oscar Matthew John Price Harold Workman

Emma Bradley Betty Hatfield Betty Harding Dorothy Harding Dorothy Hudson Jeanette Knapp Hary Knox Pauline Mcl Pauline McMullen Pearl Melvin Florence Outten

(Mrs. Brown's Room)

Harry Porter Frank Ross Gayle Smith Clarence Welch Billy Walls Bobbie Wechtenhiser

Grace W. Quillen Ruth Moore Grace Morris Louise Layton Anna M. Luff Dois Hall Dorothy Cahali Betty A. Clendaniel Williminia Brown THIRD GRADE

(Miss Souders' Room)

William Grant Evert Hobbs Leon Kates Clarence Kemp Irving Shaw Clyde Tucker Benjamir Vanderwende Ridgely Vane Lewis Warren

Mary Lee Brown Nellie Emory Rosell Hickman Doris Lynch Ruth Melvin Annabell Wright Zita Zimmerly (Miss Baker's Room)

Roland Hamilton Ray Harrington Fred Minner Clinton Morgan Ray Masten

Pearl Harrington Agnes Wright FOURTH GRADE

Boys Laben Benton

James Hobbs Benny Kates James O'Neal Marjorie Rose Kathryn Smith Harry Raughley Milton Sullivan Smith Wright Enoch Richards

Florence Austin Frances Edge Jane Hill Grace King Cora Mathews Catherine Moore Christine Powell Marian Price Hazel Thompson Madalyn Tucker

Cubbage Brown Roy Cain Millard Cooper Luther Hatfield Edward Hutson Bob Roberts James Ross Earl Sharp

Doris Turner

(Miss Griffith

Eloise Bright Anna Lee Brown Ethel Brown Myrtle Green Gladys Kemp Fay Knight Marguerite Knox Alice McMullen Rana Smith Ethel Starkey Mildred Wilson (Miss Wright's

William Austin Carlton Barber Bobby Calloway Graham Dagg Edgar Kates William Luff Norman Parris

George VonGoerres Louise Clifton Katherine Greenhaugh Bernice Hickman

Marie Kemp Jean Messner Alberta Pearson Edith Raymond Evelyn Smith Betty Jane Williams Edna Wyatt (Miss Paskey's Room)

Berlin Brown Harold Brown Homer Brown Fred Greenly Thomas Lynch Fred Minner Merritt Tatman

Margaret Anthony Anna Brown Ada Brown Sara Emily Cain Elizabeth Clark Anna Lee Derrickson Elizabeth Goslin Thelma Hall Ann Hill Phyllis Masten Kathryn Murphy Elizabeth Rose

Thelma Wright
Margaret VonGoerres
SIXTH GRADE (Miss Warrington's Room

James Cain Albert Curtis Roland Hitchens Thomas Raymond Charles Thompson Ralph Workman Marguerite Billing

Louise Lyons Ethel Morris Irene Pearson Evelyn Roberts Marian Watson Cora Wyatt
(Mrs. Kinard's Room)

Hughes Abbott Woodrow Biles Ralph Dayton Alvin Donophar Brooks Jerread Junior LeKites Thomas Minne Louis Price Homer Sherwood Elmer West

Elizabeth Abbott Doris Celeski

Mary Elizabeth Cooper Ruth Messick Hazel Taylor SEVENTH GRADE (Mrs. Dolby's Room)

Fred Bailey Luther Crisp Preston Hobbs Ronald Jones John McCready Ernest Moore William Ready

Esther Everett Margaret Green Charlotte Larimore Emma Parker Amanda Rash Grace Willey

Francis Gillette Warren Knapp Melvin Luff Edward Legates Robert Masten Edward Raughley

Ruby Austin Margaret Gibbs Louise Golt Arleen Hendricks Constance Lee Helen Mekleveceh Pauline Minner Clarabel Peck Laura Belle Poore Clara Swain Irene Tucker Betty Turner

Amillia Welch (Miss Ellis' Room)

George Benton Charles Bishop Howard Biles Robert Dean Archie Moore Alphonzo Vogl

Betty Lee Ruth Tee Kathleen Wyatt Helen Williamson EIGHTH GRADE Feagan's Roon

Ernest Derrickson Reynolds French Lester Hill

Norman Hopkins Edgar Layton William Lord William Minner Robert Bunting Anna Lee Billing Esther Cahall

Harriett Hammond

Evelyn Marvel Adele Masten Clara McCabe Catherine Mulholland Ruth Raughley Evelyn Simpson Thelma Simpson (Miss Swain's Room)

George Brainard Philip Brownstein Noah Cain Seymour Dembner Elmer Harrington Franklin Hendricks Elmer Kates Harry Quiller Daniel Sherwood Robert Widdowson Frank Wilson

Donald Wright Harold Wright Eliza Ammerman Elizabeth Larimore Anna Lee Ready Velma Steward NINTH GRADE

Boys Bruce Bowdle Herbert Cain Jonathan Clifton John Curtis Preston Jackson Dale Smith Edward Wright

(Mr. McWilliams'

Evelyn Adams Hazel Adams Pauline Barlow Eva Brownstein Mildred Hopkins Dorothy Kemp Rose Martin Marguerite Messick Elizabeth Sedgwick Virginia Stafford Margaret Taylor (Continued on Page Eight) "MOSQUITO ARMY" TO USE NO OILS OR CHEMICALS

W. S. Corkran, State Director of W. S. Corkran, State Director of the Delaware Mosquito Control Work, states that he desires to make it clear to all marsh owners that he is not planning to use chemicals or oils in the proposed mosquito eradi-

olls in the proposed mosquito eractication work.

After they determine the proper drainage for the marsh areas, they will endeavor, so far as possible, to pass the word to the owners of marshes so they can arrange to meet their superintendents and foremen on the marshes and go over with them the lines, of stakes to indicate the ditching. If the owners then have any objection as to the lines, they will try to adapt them to suit the owners' convenience so far as not to break up the marsh hay and make the cutting more difficult.

kill southward should see N. P. Newhouse, of the Lewes camp, and for marshes north of the Broadkill, see Earl Potter, at the Slaughter Beach for information about the

wor.

The mosquito control work will start at the Broadkill river, the start at the Broadkill river, the Slaughter Beach company working nortward and the Lewes company working southward. They anticipate that the rate of progress of ditching by these inexperienced C. C. C. men will probably be about 100 acres per day for each company after they get started.

Mr. Corkran and his associates have spent several days this week going over all marsh areas in an

going over all marsh areas in an endeavor to form ideos as to the best manner of ditching. About November 7, M. Newhouse and Mr. Potter will begin the actual laying out of these ditches on both sides of the Broadkill.

TO RECEIVE LIQUOR LICENSE APPLICATIONS

The State Liquor Commission in Wilmington will start in the middle of this month to receive applications

for liquor licenses The licenses wi licenses will not be effective until after December 5 or 6, or when

prohibition is repealed.

A. J. Taylor, secretary of the Liquor Commission, said Saturday that he will not wait until Secretary

has been repealed. He will say the word "go" when the national news word "go" when the matchinal news service announces that 36 or more States have by convention ratified the repeal of the 18th Amendment. While other States are still debat-ing what system they will use for controlling and dispensing liquor, Delaware has its own post-prohi-

bition future well laid out and

Pierre S. DuPont, State Liquo Commissioner, had alternatives: Either private licensing system or State stores and warehouses. Mr. duPont has definitely decided

launch Delaware's course in the to launch Delaware's course in the post-prohibition era with the private licensing system, but with the understanding that if it does not work out successfully, it will be very little trouble to switch to the

State control system.

Under the private licensing system, all liquor imported into Delaware will be consigned to the importer, but in care of the Delaware Liquor Commission. Agents of the commission will then inspect the importer, but in care of the Delawate Liquor Commission. Agents of the commission will then inspect the im-ported goods and see to it that the state receives its tax on the liquor before it goes directly into the hands

before it goes directly into the hands of the importer.

Regarding the selection of the private licensing system, Mr. du-Pont has stated that at the present he can give no good reason for advocating State conduct of the liquor business. At least a trial, he has stated, should be made of licensed and privately owned enterprise under State control. If that plan should fall, Mr. duPont added, it will not be difficult to turn over complete control of sale to the State.

In which another party was implicated, was given a sentence of two months imprisonment in Kent country jail.

WATCHDOG'S HONEST BARK"

Representative Rees, of New Castle, introduced a bill to make it unlawful for any resident of Delaware to own, possess or harbor more than in which another party was implicated, was given a sentence of two months imprisonment in Kent country jail.

business in this State has led me to believe that a careful check on the liquor sold, together with the proper supervision of requirements concern ng places of all, is all that is nec-

the restrictions should not be such as to prevent any group of people from obtaining what they wish to consume in lawful manner, without interference with the rights of oth-

The granting of licenses for handfor the sale of beer, except more rigid investigation will be made

counted entirely against them.

OF \$4,000,000 BY **DEL. LEGISLATURE**

Most of The Bills Provide for Bond Issues or Borrowing From the Federal Government

MANY NOT EXPECTED TO PASS

With no time set for stopping the introduction of new bills those introduced to date would carry appropriations totalling over \$4,000,000,

should they all be passed.

While most of the bills provide for bond issues or borrowing the money from the Federal government, with provisions to secure the ad-ditional grant of 30 per cent of the cost of labor and material on the

cost of labor and material on the proposed projects, others are bills calling for straight appropriations from the State treasury, with no connection whatever with the NRA. It is hardly likely that many of these bills will be passed, as both Republicans and Democrats seem to agree that the State public works program, not including the counties, cities and towns should be restricted to about \$2,500,000. That is, they do not believe that the State should be obligated to an amount in excess of that for carrying out the public

propriations are for State institu-tions and other State projects. In the Senate, a bill has been in-

troduced by Senator Griffenberg to borrow \$2,500,000 from the State school fund to carry out the State public works program, with the authority to try and secure the 30 per cent free grant under the NRA. They would restrict the State pro-gram to these figures.

FIVE PLEAD GUILTY IN THE DOVER COURT

Before Resident Judge W. W. Harrington in "plead guilty" court at Dover, Audrey Walls, young white beries in Dover three or four years ago, pleaded guilty to robbing the store of Clarence Nissen in Dover two weeks ago. He was sentenced to two years imprisonment in Kent county jail and warned by Judge Harrington that if he ever returned to the court again after serving this entence that he would receive a

longer sentence and lashes.

Harvey Williams, on pleading guilty to an aggravated assault and battery, was given 18 months imprison-ment in Kent county jail.

John Hammond, who was before the court some two weeks ago on a charge of forgerey, was re-arraigned before the court on the same charge and pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to nine months imprisonment in Kent county jail.

Odis Rice, who pleaded guilty to carrying concealed deadly weapons, a razor and a pistol, was given three months imprisonment in Kent county jail. John Hammond, who was

county jail.

Edward Thomas, who pleaded guilty to the theft of 20 bags of corn in which another party was implicated, was given a sentence of two months imprisonment in Kent coun-ty jail.

joke, yet it was accepted by House as Bill No. 28 and referred by Speaker Robinson to the Committee on Charities, of which Representa tive Outten is chairman.

rvision of requirements concern-places of all, is all that is nec-ry at present," Mr. duPont has law would besubject to a fine of \$100 "The sale of spirits should be more restricted than the sale of beer, but the restrictions should not be such as to prevent any group of the such as to prevent any group of the such as the sale of spirits should not be such as the prevent any group of the such as the sale of spirits should not be such as the prevent any group of the such as the sale of spirits should be subject to a fine of \$100 and imprisonment for from one day to forty years for the first offense.

NOTICE TO WHEAT FARMERS

The county allotment committee of the Kent and Sussex County Wheat Production Control Associa-It is further explained by liquor tion will be in their office on the seccommission officials that applicants will be judiciously examined and the fact that they have once been convicted for bootlegging need not be Father Sage Says:

is why the dunces are so abused by the highbrows.

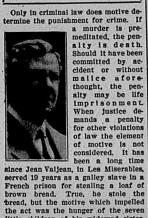
not one of whom will admit it. This

Prison for Desperate Gangsters

View of Alcatraz island in San Francisco bay that has been transferred from the War department to the Department of Justice and will be used as a prison for desperate gangsters, kidnapers and other federal convicts. Alcatraz, long used as a military prison, has bluff, rocky shores, is more than a mile from the mainland and such a swirling current surrounds it that escape is virtually transcrible.

MOTIVES

LEONARD A. BARRETT



brown bread. True, he stole the bread, but the motive which impelled the act was the hunger of the seven little children of his widowed sister. That the penalty was unjust goes without question, but how far have we advanced in this respect from the days when Victor Hugo wrote?

In the reconstruction of our social order—and who doubts it is undergoing a very significant change?—the element of motive is bound to receive more serious consideration. The most dangerous condition in our social order today is the problem of unemployment. This is due to two factors, the impossibility of procuring work by men who honestly seek for it, and the mental attitude of those men who do not care to work even when they have the opportunity. The latter believe that the government's duty is to provide shelter, food and heat for all persons deprived of these necessities. The element of motive always asks the question, Why? When welfare workers disregard the element of motive and give necessities indiscriminately to whomever applies, it only encourages that dangerous attitude

POTPOURRI

Hair a Relic

The short downy hair that is found scattered over the human body is thought to be the remnants of the shaggy covering of primitive man. Only animals have hair. It corresponds to feathers of birds and scales of reptiles, although its structure is, of course different structure is, of course, different.

The porcupine's still quills are hair.

C. 1933, Western Newspaper Union.

DRY AFTER REPEAL

State Laws Restrict Flow

Washington.—Repeal of national prohibition on December 6 is now a foregone conclusion, but a review of the situation indicates that only about half the states will have liquor this year and in some the wet flood may be sharply restricted by local option.

There are 19 states which either never had prohibition by Constitution or statute or which have cleared their books of such prohibition. These will have liquor as soon as federal prohibition is repealed and although only 10 of them have so far passed control laws it is assumed the others will quickly do so in order to start the flow of license fees into the state coffers. Six of these ten states specifically provide for local prohibition where desired.

Of the 20 other states 27 still have

of the 29 other states, 27 still have

sired.

Of the 29 other states, 27 still have statutory prohibition and of these 27 there are 11 which also have constitutional prohibition. Two of the 29 have constitutional prohibition only. In only a few of these 29 states have arrangements been made which might clear the way for liquor by the date of federal repeal.

The 19 states where repeal is effective at once are Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Louisiana, Maryland, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Washington and Wisconsin. Wet organizations here include Indiana in the above list with the notation that although it repealed its prohibition enforcement act, some doubt exists as to whether a prohibition are Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Ilaho, Jowa, Kanisas, Kentucky, Maine, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, North Carolina, North Dakota, Otho, Olkahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia and West Virginia.

Of these the following also have

assisted.

The element of motive is also vital to our national recovery. Why do we want recovery? The universal answer seems to be, recovery is essential to prosperity. But why prosperity? If our motive in seeking prosperity is

ODD THINGS AND NEW-By Lame Bode MANY STATES TO BE

might have liquor coincident with fed eral repeal. in Half of Them.

eral repeal.

Also, a special legislative committee is considering a control law in Massachusetts, a commission is studying a control plan in Missouri, and a liquor control commission has been named in Virginia. which recently voted both for repeal of the Eighteenth amendment and of the state prohibition law.

The states most likely to trail the repeal parade onto actually wet grounds are the 11 which have both stattiory and constitutional prohibition and the two which have only constitutional prohibition.

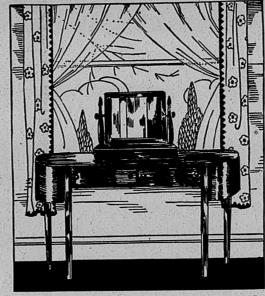
The latter Fordia and Wyoming,

The latter, Florida and Wyoming, are definitely out of the liquor group for more than a year.



Carl Cramer, quarterback on the Ohio State university team, is considered one of the most brilliant of the Buckeye players. He halls from Dayton, Ohio.

The Tousehold



This Dressing Table Before the Window Enhances the Decoration of the Room.

There are some chambers in which it seems almost impossible to arrange the furniture because of the interference of windows. Since it is through these openings that sun and light and air with their purifying elements can get into the inclosed walled area, the homemaker who finds this difficulty should realize that it is an error in the right direction. It is far better to have too many windows in a room than too few.

Now that the summer is spent, and

than too few.

Now that the summer is spent, and draughts of are undesirable across beds, seek to find some position for the bed which will give the sleeper protection when windows are open. To sleep in a room without windows open is to hamper good health, the air should fill the room without blowing on the sleeper.

An excellent position for the dressing table, whether it is necessary or whether it is preference, is before a window. The dresser should be low so that the standard does not come too high above the sill. The mirror should be silhouetted against the light. The person using the dresser will find he light is good. It comes evenly from both sides and also from the top and it is thrown on the person who is reflected in the looking glass.

A Homemade Dresser

A Homemade Dresser.

An unsightly table can be converted into a beautiful window dresser. Cover the top with wadding first, then with glazed chintz and net. Gather the portion tacked to top edge for side and front ruffles. The dresser will be inexpensive and in the vogue. Of course silk can be used for the textile and it can be left without net over it. Or it can have merceized sateen or percale under the net as best suits the purse. A triple mirror stood on the top is sufficient, but one with side supports from an old bureau can be screwed to the top, or at that we may again become extravagant and indulgent and repeat the same mistake which brought about the depression, then the return to prosperity might be open to serious question. Whenever we have a recovery of our moral and spiritual resources along with the recovery of our material values, our prosperity will remain stable and secure and its recovery fully justified.

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the back of the table. If the supports are good looking, they require no decorative treatment. If not they can be covered to match the dresser.

I have seen old, low bureaus, positioned before windows, and prove successful features in the room decoration. In one instance the bureau was drawn out from the window enough for easy access to it to be permitted so that the sash could be room, which was small and had but the one large window.

Busy Navy Builder



Rear Admiral Emory S. Land, con struction corps, U. S. N., chief of the bureau of construction and repair of the Navy department, is a busy mar these days as the new building pro-gram of the navy gets under way. He has been chief of the bureau for about one year.

By Charles Sughroe

SUCH IS LIFE—So Say We All





German Castles Are Now Jails

Political Opponents of Hitler Held in Them.

Dresden.—Germany's medieval cas-ties with their awe-inspiring strong-loids are again serving as prisons, this time for the political opionents of the Hitler regime. The fact is ad-mitted in the official organ of the Hit-ier party, Voelkische Boebachter. Castle Hohnstein in Saxony, one of Germany's proudest and oldest eastles

Gastie Honnstein in Saxons, one of Germany's proudest and oldest eastles, was converted into a prison for po-itical offenders by the present power he'ders. Perched high upon a steep and rocky eminence, with its draw-bridges and heavy gates closely guard ed by storm troopers, the castle of-ters no chance for the alleged foes of the Hitterite state, escape.

the Hitlerité state to escape.

Once, in bygone days, the haughty

robber Baron von Michelsberg pillaged robber Baron von Michelsberg pillaged and ransacked the surrounding country from this impregnable stronghold. In 1353 Castle Hohnstein passed into the possession of Hinko Berka von der Duba, a powerful feudal lord whose landed property stretched far into Bohenia. In 1443 the castle was purchased by the Wettin family, electors of Saxony. The Saxon rulers made it one of their favorite retreats, hunting deer and fishing salmon in the mountainous vicinity.

In 1877 its glamour dimmed some-

In 1877 its glamour dimmed somewhat when the proud castle was converted into a reformatory. After the World war, in 1924, it was turned into an inn. In its hundred bedrooms the castle could put up 800 guests for the night.

Its beautiful location, in the midst

Kitchen Door Is

Winner in Lottery

Istanbul.—Ahmed Resit won \$10.000 with his kitchen door in the recent State lottery, it was dis-

Resit, fearing that he might lose Resit, fearing that he might lose his ticket, pasted it on the door. It was a prize winner, but was stuck to the door so firmly it could not be removed. Resit unhinged the door, took it to the lottery office, and got his prize.

of the so-called Saxon Switzerland, made it a favorite traveling goal for youthful hikers, and tourists from the

Nazis. Thus Castle Neuenburg on Un-strut was occupied by the Hitlerites Fighting League for German Culture. Castle Sachsenburg, near Zschopau in Saxony, has been converted into a school for National Socialist women Icaders, and Hohnstein became a

Genesis in 17th Place in Abbreviated Bible

Chicago.—A modernized and abbreviated version of the Bible, with books rearranged to appear in the order in which they originally were written, has just been published by the University of Chicago Press.

of the so-called Saxon Switzerland, made it a favorite traveling goal for youthful hikers, and tourists from the world over.

With everything in Germany being co-ordinated with the Hitter regime, a number of German castles once owned by feudal lords were taken over by the

densed to 545 book-size pages, was edited by Dr. Edgar J, Goodspeed and the late Professor L. M. P. Smith whose American translation of the King James version precipitated a lively church controversy two years

Frogs Alive in Clay of 34-Year-Old Wall

of 34-Year-Old Wall
Schenectady, N. Y.—Examination of
a bullfrog to determine whether it may
have lived in hard clay beneath the
foundation of a Schenectady building
for 34 years, was under way today.
The frog is one of five unearthed by
workmen while laying a pipe line
along the foundation. The frogs were
imbedded in the clay 10 feet below the

The workmen tossed the frogs of the ground, believing them dead. Aft er a few hours in the sun they started hopping about. Four escaped.

ROADSIDE MARKETING

By T. J. Delohery

CLEAR CIDER MORE PROFITABLE

PROFITABLE

A PROFIT of at least \$10 could be added to the income from the 100 gallons of apple cider which is made on the average farm if the fruit juice was clarified.

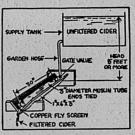
The truth of this statement is borne out in the experience of farmers who have been using the homemade filtering device recently developed in Michigan. The filterer, costing little more than \$1\$ to make, has revolutionized the sales of apple cider wherever the clear and clarified juice has been offered the public.

College experts and fruit growers feel that, with clear apple juice possible for every farmer to make, and the consumer responding as they have when it has been placed on sale at roadside markets, retail stores and restaurants, there is an opportunity for greatly increasing the consumption of this pure fruit beverage.

While clear cider is not a new drink from a commercial standpoint, farm production has been limited to the larger orchards because of the cost of machinery. The homemade device for producing quality apple cider gives the farmer, who can content the public or retail outlets, a chance to turn low grade fruit into a nice profit.

a nice profit.

Experiments with consumer demand show that apples which were otherwise unmarketable or saleable for



A Cider Filterer.

more than 10 to 15 cents a bushel, grossed 90 cents to \$1.50 a bushel as cider, basing the yield on 3½ gallons to the bushel of apples. And the cost of producing the clear cider is around 10 cents a gallon, everything considered.

Clear cider is easy to make. Apples are pressed in the usual manner and the juice treated with a chemical called pectinol. It is an enzyme which breaks down the collodial matter or pulp. The mixture is allowed to remain overnight, the exact time depending upon the temperature, ripeness of the apples and the amount of pectinol used. The process can be speeded up or retarded, as desired.

Shortly before the cider is placed in the supply tank, a filtering agent called hyflo is added. It is an absorbing agent like Spanish clay and other such materials, which catches the sediment and permits the clear juice to flow.

The filtering device consists of a barrel, five feet of garden hose, a muslin tube inside of a cylinder of copper fly screen. The hyflo settles in the muslin tube and the juice from the barrel or supply tank, holsted five to six feet, flows through it. The tube, by the way, is rested in a wooden trough somewhat similar to that used for feeding hogs.

The accompanying sketch shows the filterer. Everything, including the barrel or tank, unless it is bought new, should not cost much more than \$1, and it will last a lifetime. The device and parts should be thoroughly cleaned after use,

Farmers who have been making and selling clear cider report an unusual demand, some marketing 100 gallons a day at 50 to 75 cents a gallon, with ordinary cider, on adjoining farms and roadside markets, finding slow sale even at 25 cents a gallon, with ordinary cider, on adjoining farms and roadside markets, finding slow sale even at 25 cents a gallon, with ordinary cider, on adjoining farms and roadside markets, finding slow sale even and contend consumers have expressed an exclusive desire for the clear juice, even though it costs more.

Something new in farm products, processing clear cider has o

In addition to clarifying apple clder, the new homemade device can be used on other fruit juices, kraut juice, and in making vinegar, all products which consumers will buy direct from

O. 1933, Western Newspaper Union

Peas From Tut's Tomb Grow
After 3,275 years, a handful of peas
from the tomb of Tut-Ankh-Amen
sprouted. They were planted by one
of the excavators in his home town
in Smaaland, Sweden. Two of these
peas produced a crop of 202 seeds in
well-filled pods.

Wedding Boom in China
Because the world has not desired as much Chinese silk as formerly, Cupid is busy in China. Thousands of girls and women who once supported themselves by working in silk mills have become unemployed, and have revived the old custom of finding husbands to support them. Many women who left their mates after a family dispute and sought work in the mills have decided that home is not so bad, and have returned to the age old feminine profession of keeping house for their men folk.

NEED NEW CODE FOR THIS AGE

Injustice Under Old System Pointed Out.

The age of chivalry was responsi-ble for many of the conventions of modern life.

When we consider that it ended more than 500 years ago, we may well come to the conclusion that some of its heritage must be out of

date.

In the last thirty years we have finally changed, for better or for worse, to a very different form of civilization, and a new code of manners must accompany the change.

Especially is this true in regard to women.

women.
They have always been brought up with the expectation of care and protection, whether they actually got it or not.

with the expectation of the hill got it or not.

From the cradle up little boys were taught to be strong and resourceful and to guard and protect all little girls. And the girls were permitted, if not encouraged, to take advantage of their weakness and dependence.

Even under the old rules the system worked countiess injustices. A boy could not strike a girl, but a girl could tease and annoy a boy until she drove him to desperation, relying on her sex for immunity.

A boy could not cry, because it was unmanly; a girl could shed buck's of tears to gain her end and it, was considered natural.

Today, with women demanding and receiving equal rights with men, many of them also expect special privileges, and are taught from the cradle to use every means, fair or foul, to attain them.

It seems essential for the preservation of our tradition, if we wish to preserve it, that a new nursery code should be evolved, where boys and girls are taught fair play and mutual respect.

In this way only can we be assured that the western world will not become a matriarchy in which the men are reduced to a biological necessity by a race of gold-digging amazons.—Brooks Peters Church, in Indianapolis News.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes

Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes ak women strong. No alcohol. Sold druggists in tablets or liquid.—Adv.

Summing It Up
Knowledge is but a station on the road to Habit.

To make Children

Don't force children to eat! The girl or boy who has no appetite has stasts—which means the child is sluggish. But enthartics have caused more constipation than they ever cured! The "California treatment" is best—just pure syrup of figs. Try this for a few days, then see how eagerly your youngster will eat.

Stimulate the colon and that child with a finicky, appetite will devour everything set before him. Here's the simple treatment that does more for babies or older children than all the dlets, fad foods, or tonics.

Nature has provided the "medicine" you'll need to stir your child's colon muscles into proper action. California syrup of figs. Pure, delicous, harmless. It acts on the lower colon—where the trouble is. It has no ill effects on the intestines.

Begin traight, with this marvelous "California treatment." Any druggist has California syrup of figs, all bottled, with directions. Use enough the first time to cleanse the clogged colon of every bit of poison and hard waste. Then just a little twice a week until the child's appetite, color, weight and spirits tell you the stasis is gone. Whenever a cold or other upset clogs the system again, use this natural vegetable laxative instead of drastic drug.

WARNING! There are alers who practice substitution. Be re to protect your child by lookin for the name CALIFORNIA on the outtle.

MEMBER N. R. A.

Doctors Give Creosote For Dangerous Coughs

For many years our best doctors have prescribed creosote in some form for coughs, colds and bronchitis, knowing how dangerous it is to let them hang on. Creomulsion with creosote and six other highly important medicinal elements, quickly and effectively stops all coughs and colds that otherwise might lead to serious trouble.

Creomulsion is powerful in the treatment of all colds and coughs, yet it is absolutely harmless and is pleasant and

easy to take.
Your own druggist guarantees Cromulsion by refunding your money if you are not relieved after taking Creomulsion as directed. Beware the cough or cold that hangs on. Always keep Creomulsion on hand for instant use. (adv.)



TO - NICHT

TUMS" Quick relief for acid indiges-

Tangled Wives

By Peggy Shane

CHAPTER IX

CHAPTER IX

—15—
They were in a large room with twin beds. Rocky turned on a light over a dressing table.

"Now, Rocky, Don't you see I've got to be told everything now?"

"In the morning."

"No. Now. Am I what's-her-name—a girl who shot her husband at a wedding?"

The words were out. Had she killed someone? And was that the reason Rocky wanted to get her away from places, because if she were caught she would be hanged, electrocuted?

She sat down in a chair and stared

rose and threw open the window. She inhaled deeply. She could breathe—but someone else couldn't because she

"Rocky, don't you see I've got to know now, or else go crazy?"
Rocky came and stood beside her. "Don't feel so, Doris. You're tired. If you get a good night's sleep, I'll—well maybe I will tell you about it in the morning."
She turned up a suffering face. "I won't sleep, Rocky, I've got to know now. Tell me the truth. Truly, I can bear it now."
Rocky avoided her eyes. "There's really not much to tell."
"Anything is better than this uncertainty."

rainty."
"Perhaps that's true." Rocky gently removed her hand from his arm. He ran his brown fingers through his hair. "Can't you trust me, Sweet?"

"Can't you trust me, Sweet?"

Sweet! For a moment she felt a lifting of spirits. Rocky's tone was so tender. But then he used words like that all the time to all women, She gave a little laugh that she could think of that now. It was a bitter sardonic little laugh, "Don't. Don't laugh like that."

"Tve got to find out about this."

"Trust me."

"I do trust you."

"Let me take care of you. You'll be all right once we get away from this d—d place."

She was startled. "Are we going away from here?"

"Certainly. We're going on to Canada."

Canada."

"You can't shut me out from my past forever, Besides—" she sat down on the bed, "I'm not a coward." She was silent. Rocky sat down beside her, took her hand.

"Please wait—"

"No, no." She got up. "I—I can't wait. I have a right to know. I'll—'
I'll ask Mr, St. Gardens what it's all about. I'll tell him everything I remember. He will tell me. He won't keep me in agony any longer. I can't bear this uncertainty. Anything is better."

She controlled herself, looked at him gravely. "Did I—Rocky? Did I do—that awful thing?"

Rocky looked at the carpet miserably. "D—n it, how do I know? I can only guess—like everybody else."

"Then it isn't a sure thing?"

"Oh they think it's sure all vicht."

"Then it isn't a sure thing?"

"Oh, they think it's sure, all right."
His lips drooped unhappily. "Perhaps you—went out of your mind."

"Then it was—I did—that is—Rocky, I can't be a murderess. I didn't kill anyone." Her eyes, haggard and strained, searched his face for an answering faith.

She found it. He looked back at her squarely. "That's the way I feel about it."

her squarely. "That's the way I feel about it."
"I couldn't kill anybody."
"I know you couldn't." He patted her head, against his knee. "I've always known that about you."
"Then why—" she turned suddenly to him. "Why is there such a mysterious silence about me? Why were we arrested? Why have we been racing like mad away from New York?" She stared at his quiet face for a terried second. "I know! I'll ask the police. I'll go to the station! I must find out."
"Wait—don't you see. Doris? I'm

ind out."

"Wait—don't you see, Doris? I'm only trying to help you."

She stared into his eyes then. Her hand dropped suddenly to her lap. "I did, then. I did kill someone."

Rocky's silence was terrible to her. She drew close to him. "I didn't, Rocky. I didn't. Tell me I didn't. Why, I couldn't have killed anybody, Rocky. I know that much about myself, don't I?" She looked at him pittfully. He took her hand and held it tightly. it tightly.

After a while he said huskily,
"That's the way I feel, Dorls. That
you couldn't have."
"Please tell me how it happened."
Still Rocky paused. At last, his
cheek close to hers, he said slowly,
"It's—been in all the papers. It happened the day I sailed. So I didn't
see much about it until I got back.
Then—of course your picture has been
everywhere—"
"My picture." "My picture."

He nodded. "It's you, all right. I didn't see it until that night you fainted when you saw it. But—you didn't remember when you came to,

didn't remember when you came to, again—"

She brushed her hair back from her damp brow. "But Rocky, what didwhat am I supposed to have done?"

Rocky cleared his throat and tried to speak in a matter-of-fact way. "Why, this girl is supposed to have shot her husband with her father's gun and then—"

She could not speak. She had shrunk away from him, covered her face with her hands.
"Then she disappeared," went on Rocky. He leaned over and tried to take her hands. "Must I go on?"

Canada?"
"Why did I want to take you? I am taking you. The first thing tomorrow. If I can get you to Quebec I can get you to a boat and—well, I think you'll be safe enough in Paris."
"But Rocky—"
He looked at her inquiringly. She wanted to ask, "But why are you doing this for me—" Something in his eyes made her unwilling. She said instead, "I'll have to give myself up, you know."

instead, "I'll have to give myself up, you know."

He patted her shoulder gently. "I'll not let you."

She stared up at him earnestly. "Rocky, if I'm caught are you guilty, too? I don't mean guilty—but isn't there some terrible penalty for hiding someone like me—You're accessory before the fact—or—"

"Or what?"

"Or something."

"What a mind. What a legal mind. A master's, really."

She was not to be diverted by any attempt at fooling. In spite of all

Doris raised her face. "But Rocky, don't you remember I was with my husband in the cab? He was still alive then. Someone else must have shot him afterward. He was awful, Rocky, and I was afraid of him, but you remember, don't you, how I left him? I didn't shoot him."

Rocky's hand pressed nervously over his hot brow. "I-think you—perhaps you haven't been well," he stammered.

"You mean," the words dropped with a bedraggled courage, "you mean I've lost my mind."

"I mean I think you lost it for a short time, when—when this happened."

"How did you know? I mean how have you learned anything about me?"

"I—I thought you guessed. The papers have been full of it."

"What do they say?"

"Rocky blooked away, as if he were detaching the subject from her. "Why, they say this girl is supposed to have killed her husband on her wedding night," he said again.

"Oh!" She clung to his eyes for aympathy. "Oh! And you think I did that?"

"Rocky took ber hands pityingly, but she drew away. "Doris, I didn't—but your photograph—"

"Why did you want to take me to Canada?"

"Why did I want to take you? I am taking you. The first thing tomorrow."

I I can set you to Quebee I en get left him, what would become of her. "police—prison—death?

Rocky stook ber elbow. He had thing tomorrow. If I can set you to Quebee I en get left him, what would become of her." police—prison—death?

Rocky took ber elbow. He had thing tomorrow. If I can set you to Quebee I en get left him, what would become of her." police—prison—death?

Rocky stook ber elbow. He had the read on her elbo denied bail. You—I'm afraid you'd collapse completely."

"Twon't go to pleeze again." She leaded her head on her arms confidently. "Now that I know what I have to give to got to got in the middle of the sentence. She was thinking that she would have to silp away from Rocky to graped her elbow. He had the him to got and the proposed him to got a constant to the proposed him to got a constant to got a co

him, what would become of her police-prison—death?
Rocky grasped her elbow. He had read her thoughts, "You musin't try to run away from me. Whatever happens you'll stick with me. Promise?" "I can't promise that." She looked up at him. His eyes were full of tragedy. "But don't look like that, I'm afraid I haven't the courage to run away from you."

afraid I haven't the courage to run away from you."
Relief flooded his face. He smiled. "Then listen, Mrs. Conscientious. I've got an idea, I know you're right in everything you say. You ought not to run. You ought to fight. Here's another idea. Supposing that you stay here quietly for a. few days. I could leave you with Beatrice. Then I'll go back to Morristown, New Jersey, and get in touch with your real family. Perhaps we can arrange to get you out on ball if you do give yourself up."
"I don't know why you want to do "I don't know why you want to do all this for me."

Downstairs a door closed. Rocky went to the door. "I'm going to speak



Rocky's precautions, she had been caught once. She would be caught again. Rocky would be arrested. Mrs. Du Val would—
She said huskily: "There's no use in your being involved. Think of your mother."

mother."
"I'm thinking of my mother. One of the first things she ever taught me was to stick by my—my friends."
Her heart contracted. "You're being rather wonderful. I wish I could do something to show you how much I appreciate your—your friendship—" she walked nervously to the window.
A light was moving far away in the

A light was moving far away in the woods. "A car is coming."
"I expect it's Beatrice coming home from her party. It's so late, Doris. You ought to get some sleep."
"What's my real name?"
"Diane, But I'd rather not call you that?"

"What's my real name?"
"Diane. But I'd rather not call you that?
"Is it so absolutely sure that I did this? Do you suppose losing my memory has transformed me into an entirely different sort of person?"
"I don't know what to think. I think you ought to get some sleep."
"If I married this man—I must have loved him, mustn't I?"
Rocky nodded gloomily. "I suppose so."
"Say I didn't," argued Doris. "Say I hated him. Even so—I hated the man in the cab. But I didn't want to hurt him. I wouldn't kill him if he walked into the room right now." She shivered slightly. "I don't know. It seems odd to me. I feel certain I couldn't kill anybody."
"It isn't that I don't believe in you. Doris. I believe in you beyond all sense. The thing that worries me is what you would have to go through—once you were in the hands of the police. You have been formally indicted for murder in the first degree.

ny Person of Sense Can See That.*

to Beatrice now. Will you go to bed?"
Doris shook her head. "No. I'd like to talk to her, too."

"All right." Rocky opened the door. "Wait. I'll bring her back up here."

When Rocky had gone, Doris turned out the light and sat down by the windows. In spite of all that he had said she knew that there was only one thing for her to do. She must not repay his great friendship by involving him in her trouble. The time must come when she would go on alone.

"But not tonight," she whispered.
"Perhaps it's awfully cowardly. But not tonight."

not tonight."

What was Beatrice saying in answe to Rocky's disturbing story? Would she think Rocky was crazy to have done so much for a criminal and a murderess? At the thought of Rocky She heard Rocky at the door, and sprang up. She turned on the light as he came in with Beatrice St. Gardens.

Beatrice stared fixedly at Doris for a short moment. Then she turned he head and looked at Rocky,

"This child! You mean—she's Diane Merrell?" Rocky nodded. Beatrice smiled. "Nonsense!" she

Beatrice smiled. "Nonsense!" she said vigorously.

"You think she isn't."

"Of course she isn't. She never murdered anybody. Any person of sense can see that." She held out her hand to Doris cordially. "Forgive me for talking about you as if you were deaf, dumb and blind—but it's all, so extraordinary. Anywny, I'm glind you've come."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Rough crepe of the "tree-bark" varieties is the state of the scheme of lux-inclusions, Quaint evening dresses of checked gingham are increasingly popular with the younger set.

Many of the new fallored suits have set the scheme of lux-inclusions, and the scheme of lux-inclusions for the scheme of lux-inclusions, and the scheme of lux-inclusions for the scheme of lux-inclusions, and the scheme of lux-inclusions for the scheme of lux-inclusions for the scheme of lux-inclusions, and the scheme of lux-inclusions for talking about you were deaf, dumb and blind—but it's all, so extraordinary. Anywny, I'm glind you've come."

Novel Buttons and New Fastenings Howl BrokeInto

By CHERIE NICHOLAS



IF YOU can snatch
out of fashion's medley of novelties, buckles, buttons,—clips,
clasps or gadgets of any
sort which are breathtaking in their oddness,
by all means do so, for
the hue and cry now resounding
throughout the style world is for fastenings of striking originality.

One way of giving swank to your
outift is to use perfectly enormous
buttons. They may be of metal or
composition, of glass, or better still,
of wood, for wooden dress ornamentation is the rage. As to size, Paris is
not only doing things on a big scale
when it comes to buttons but much of
the latest costume jewerly trends toward generous proportions. Some of
the new bends are tremendous in size,
Especially those chic new velvet or
satin beads which are smartest when
they are an exact color-match to your
dress.

And have you seen the new linstick

sath beads when are smartes, when they are an exact color-match to your dress.

And have you seen the new lipstick buttons? They look amusingly like the real thing. When it comes to unique dress fastenings they are about the neatest trick yet discovered. They measure two inches long, are of shipy nickel with bright colored gaillith tips at each end. There's a big buckle to match if you're asking. 'A half dozen of these buttons on a gay woolen jacket is warranted to make any autumn street costume look stunning.

The lovely new mirror buttons answer the call for touches that dazle and scintillate. To match the mirror buttons on your dress you should have initials on your bag of the same looking-glass medium cut in large block type.

In the glittering class and the glittering, sparkling note is certainly going strong in fashlon's realm this sea-

son, rhinestone buttons are shining forth in all their glory these days—and nights. The rhinestone buttons on the handsome dinner gown centered in the illustration are stars. Which goes to show the charming originality being displayed in button-craft these times. The belt has rhinestone slides. This gown is fashloned of heavy black crepe for the skirt. The jacket blouse is of sheer black mousseline, thus stressing the two-piece idea which is being sponsored for evening dresses. White slik pique is employed for the collar and bow. Laced fastenings are ever so smart. They are accomplished in varied ways. In the picture the model to the left carries a style-condensing message in that the jacket of this bronze-brown woolen suit is laced down the front with self-fabric cord which is drawn through decentive-bronzed metal hooks or slots or whatever they might be called. The brown caracul collar and epaulets are matched with tabs of fur which finish the cord streamers.

The good-looking suit to the right is of a knitted novelty fabric. Large metal eyelets act as a closing with lacings and tie of the same material. Among other impelling style touches in the way of out-of-the-ordinary fas-

Among other impelling style touches in the way of out-of-the-ordinary fastenings are such clever devices as safety-pin effects. They are more ornamental and jewelry-like than the prosaic utilitarian kiad. In fact they make a most effective showing used in rows just like buttons.

PARISIANISM NEW BEADED EPAULETS **FASHION RELIGION**

"Parislanism" is the new fashion re

"Parisianism" is the new fashion religion which Jean Patou has created
for 1933-1934 season, and he says the
reason he has adopted this title is because the fashions of the last few
months have diverged somewhat from
Parisian taste.

"The elegant woman found herself
reduced to choosing too realistic an
athlete's suit for daytime wear and
confronted for evening wear by the
alternatives of dressing herself up in
scraphin's wings or winding herself
round with feathers in the manner of
the unforgettable star whose appearance in our capital aroused such diverse sentiments."

Patou maintains that his plan this
year is not to decorate costumes, but

year is not to decorate costumes, but to build them so architecturally that they will need no special decoration. The fronts of his skirts are simple, and his chief ambition is to define the legs but cover them at the same time.

Devastatingly Feminine

Devastatingly Feminine
At first glance seemingly mannish, the hats of the 1933 winter mode prove on closer inspection, on the contrary devastatingly feminine.

Nothing makes a pretty face more utterly girlish than a becoming jaunty hat of mannish cut, perched at the just-right angle on shining hair.

A simple, sophisticated knot, an un expected bow of ribbon, give the lie to the sterner suggestion. Even the heretofore severe sports beret becomes subtly more elegant when fashioned—as it is this season—of choicest fur skins.

New Material Possesses Unlimited Possibilities

This is the heydey of artificial silks. French creative genius—the thing we can't seem to get away from, no matthings-has just given birth to anoth er novelty, which is bound to make itself felt in this senson's fashions.
Artificial silk threads have been so mixed with real silk ones that a new material has come forth as the result, with a certain sheen over it that nothing heretofore has produced. It shas unlimited possibilities.



If you want your dress to have that now look be sure its sleeves are topped with some sort of fancy epaulets. If it's a street dress or coat the sleeves will be capped with tailored and stitched or braided effects. For dinner frocks of velvet, satin or other formal weaves the theme is elaborated upon via sparkling embroidered motifs such as here pictured. This velvet dress flavors of fashions of the nineties in that it has a tight bodice which tends to create a definite waistline and hip curves. The full sleeves are fashionably worked with elongated shoulder pleces of crystal passementerie. Rhine-

Laced Frocks
Lacings are a new trick in fastenings for winter frocks. One brick wool frock is laced from the wrist to the high neckline with brick-colored wool iacings run through gilded loops.

Here Are Some Tips on Season's Styles

Rough crepe of the "tree-bark" va-riety is a favorite material.

Fur trimmings, particularly borders, are thoroughly in the scheme of lux-urious fashions.

Quaint evening dresses of checked There is a very general trend to use velvet blouses with cloth suits. Velveteen is being resurrected for 1933, with its quaint suggestion of school girlishness.

school girlishness.

Monotone twin sets with tweedy band trimming for both cardigan and pull-

over are being worn.

One black tulle evening gown is trimmed with a bow of baby blue and rose-striped ribbon at the waistline.

The Movies Copyright by Hal C. Herman

BY RENEE ADOREE A LTHOUGH I never stood before A motion picture camera until I was almost grown, I received a lot of movie training from the time I could toddle

I was born in Lilla, France. My fa-

about.

I was born in Lilla, France. My father was a circus star and my mother of his troupe. I, also, became a member as soon as I could toddle into the sawdust ring or onto the stage.

My first appearances were in a ballet of 12 girls—toe dancers who attracted a good deaf of attention whether we were showing in France, Belgium, Germany or the Scandinavian countries. We not only did ballet work, but we also did pantomine, which was my first training. That afterwards came in handy in motion picture work.

At the age of ten I was billed as "The Mysterious Madame X." Every night promptly at eleven o'clock, I would be led blindfolded on the stage, or into the ring. My act consisted of walking up to an aged, toothless and moth-eaten old lion who had been trained to open his mouth so I could thrust my head inside.

This feat made the audlence fairly gasp. They thought I was in imminent danger of losing my head.

When I became a little older I specialized in dancing and bareback riding.

It was in France that I saw the first

iding.
It was in France that I saw the first



when the Germans invaded that country. With thousands of others, I sought some avenue of escape from that country, begause we realized that we might be held as prisoners until the

try, because we realized that we might be held as prisoners until the war was over.

I made my escape in a box-car which was attached to a freight train that pulled out of the Belgium capital just ahead of the Uhlans, who first entered the city. I made my way to France and thence to England, eventually embarking for New York, where I went on the stage as a dancer.

Just as I was making progress in musical plays, such as "Oh Uncle," "What a Girl," and "The Dancer," the William Fox studio began making tests for girls for motion pictures. I was one of the girls chosen for a test, but when I saw myself on the screen I decided I was meant for the stage.

Later, I met Tom Moore and he persuaded me to take another film test for a part as his leading lady in Goldwyn comedies. This time I seemed to look altogether different. Mr. Moore was satisfied with the tests and so were the Goldwyn people. I was given a contract and went to the Pacific coast where I made my first screen appearance.

Even then I wasn't convinced I was

cide coast where I made my first screen appearance.

Even then I wasn't convinced I was going to succeed. But I held on and worked for various other producing companies after my contract with Goldwyn expired. At the old Louis B. Mayer studio, I was directed by Reginald Barker, who had the "knack" of getting the best out of me.

Later I signed a contract with Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer and became a featured player for that organization. It was the femilnie role opposite to John Gilbert in "The Big Parade," which first gave me a great impetus towards a career which had become my life's ambition.

(© By Hal C. Herman.)

Blond Army
That Hollywood has more blonds to
the square foot than any other city in
the world was proven recently at the
Paramount studios. William Beaudine
was directing a girls' school scene for
"The Cring of the Captury", "Desiring." 'The Crime of the Century." Desiring to improve his scene composition, he called out: "Will that blond please move three feet to her right?" With one accord thirty-five girls moved three feet to their right.

Feline Thespian

Bobby is a cat, half persian and half mystery, and he has been acting for the benefit of camera men and directors ever since he was old enough to walk. He has supported Gloria Swanson, Pola Negri, Betty Bronson, Ricardo Cortez, Theodore Roberts, the four Marx brothers and other luminaries during his career.

Hospitals That Specialize Hospitals That Specialize
The Epileptic hospital at Gallipolis,
Ohio, is the only one in the world devoted solely to epilepsy, and the Hospital for Criminal Insance at Lima,
Ohio, is the only one in the United
States devoted solely to criminal in-

Writing Love Letters
Some one once said that to write a good love letter "we must begin without knowing what we mean to say and finish without knowing what we have written."

Giving Style to One's Old Frock

Slight Changes Frequently Can Bring It Strictly Into Fashion.

Putting touches to frocks so that they are in the latest fashion can often be done by the woman herself without the aid of a dressmaker. In without the aid of a dressmaker. In order to make the least possible work of this renovating, the frocks should be carefully studied to see how to economize labor without sacrificing results. Fortunately, styles this season offer opportunities for making the most of last year's gowns by slightly changing them. Much attention is paid to shoulders and sleeves, and organdle remains a dainty material for accessories to a costume. Without entering into the field of the costumer or contourier, some suggescostumer or coutourier, some sugges-tions for home alterations are given today.
Units to be combined as the work-

Units to be combined as the worker wishes can be bought in organdle. It is possible to assemble these ready-to-use units in numerous ways. For example, a set of petal collar and cuffs can be fashioned from ready-made petals. These will give a novelty note to a dress which requires some such touches to bring it up to date. A crisp organdle bouquet assembled from blossom-petals and foliage-leaves can give a final note to the corsange with or without the set just described. Belts and bows and cuffs and wide collars or organdle to harmonize with the color ows and cuis and whice colars or organdle to harmonize with the color of a dress can be added to one's wardrobe. Or the accessories can be of any preferred material which does not call for laundry work. There are silks and satins and novelty goods which are excellent for such pur-

are silks and satins and novelty goods which are excellent for such purposes.

To give the broad shoulders which have come after a lapse of many years, various methods can be called into service. If there is enough textille left from a frock, it can be made into epaulets or ruffles to form shoulder caps for sleeves. Should there be no material, substitute silk or satin to match a cloth frock, or velvet for a silk or satin dress. Make a belt to match, and cuffs, and these will bind the whole into a pleasing ensemble. A frock which has seemed a bit out of style, with touches, which take but a very little while to make, can be refurnished to accord with new fashions.

Sleeves can be altered by using contrasting material either in the shade of the dress or in contrast to it. Fullness is almost essential somewhere, either at shoulder, elbow, or lower arm. Puffs and ruffles can be inserted or let into plain sleeves successfully.

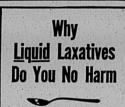
A deep collar, or bertha, which is made so wide it extends beyond the

cessfully.

A deep collar, or bertha, which is made so wide it extends beyond the shoulders, will give the broad shoulders so fashlonable.

C. 1923, Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

The Big Question
Lecturer (in small town)—And
last year that man wrote a very fine
autoblography—
Chairman (interrupting)—For the
benefit of some, you might explain
what it was about.



The dose of a liquid laxative can be measured. The action can be controlled. It forms no habit; you need not take a "double dose" a day or two later. Nor will a mild liquid laxative irritate the kidneys.

The right liquid laxative will bring a perfect movement, and with no discomfort at the time, or afterward.

The wrong esthatic may keep.

The wrong cathartic may keep you constipated as long as you keep on using it!

you constipated as long as you keep on using it!

An approved liquid laxative (one which is most widely used for both adults and children) is syrup pepsin. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a prescription, and is perfectly safe. Its laxative action is based on sennana natural laxative. The bowels will not become dependent on this form of help, as they do in the case of cathartics containing mineral drugs. Ask your druggist for Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Member N. R. A.



Now All My Pimples Are Gone

writes one woman, "I suffered from pimples and blackheads for one year, all the time hating to go oparties or dances, myskin looked so bad. I tried various treatments without success, but the first time I used Resinol Soap and Ointment, I noticed an improvement. Now all my pimples are gone."

SAMPLE FREE with Sits Tester.

SAMPLE FREE with Skin Treatment Booklet. Write Resinol, Department W5, Beltimore, Md. Resinol

Indigestion, Gas, Heartburn?



Hagesduff, GdS, filed (IIIIIII | Hagesdown, Ma. — Y had indigestion — everything sourced and fermented in my stomach — I felt tired and weary all the while," said Mrs. L. Mullenix of 35 Fairground Acc. — Golden Medical Discovery for it drove away the indigestion, relieved the heartburn and the bloated condition." Sold by druggists. New size, tables See; liquid \$1.00, Large size, taba, or liquid, \$1.35, "We Do Our Part."

The Harrington Journal

J. HARVEY BURGESS, EDITOR

Entered as second class matter on May 9, 1913, at the postoffice at Har-rington, Delaware, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Articles for publication must be ac-companied by the name of the writ-er to insure publication, but not nec-essarily for publication.

To insure publication in the current week, all communications should be in this office not later than 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

Representative Rees has with-rawn his dog bill. Evidently it drawn his dog bil had no teeth in it.

Much ado about the daily press dispatches about a girl in China marrying a rooster. Doesn't the same thing happen in America every

According to figures from Washington, Sussex county ranks 11th in vegetable production among the counties of the United States. It should rank first, judging from the amount of seed alleged to have been sold down there.

WORK OF THE NRA

Editor Harrington Journal, Harrington, Del., Dear Sir:

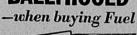
Having had the hearty co-operation of all the communities of Kent county in carrying out the President's plan for National Recovery, I feel that a statement now of a few of the things that are being accom-plished by the movement might be

The object of the NRA is to put industry and business workers into employment and to increase their archasing power through increased ages. The secret of NRA is co-peration. That co-operation is necessary has been most generously giv-en by well over ninety per cent of Kent county's business men through the signing of the blanket codes and through the signing of specific codes. The employers' campaign helping to bring this about was very ably conducted by the civic leaders of the various communities while the Consumer Campaign was very thoroughly put on by the ladies of their respective communities under a very efficient county leader.

This concerted effort to co-operate with NRA has already increased employment and salaries, and thru increased payrolls has put much adincreased payrolls has put much additional money into circulation.
While our county was little afflicted with child labor and sweatshops.
NRA's abolition of these alone justifies its existence. It has also wiped out many other unfair prac tices throughout the nation, ending A measure of its value lies in the fact that approximately 40 per cent of the unemployed seeking work have found it. Doubtless prophets of evil still exist in our midst and they will continue to discredit the merits of the Recovery Program, preferring to be blind to the accomp'ishments mentioned above. As Donald R. Richberg said at a lunck-eon meeting in Philadelphia last

"It will be interestineg to call the roll of the opponents of the recovery

Don't Be **'BALLYHOOED**'





Play safe, order 'blue coal'

THOUSANDS of home owners—disappointed at the failure of substitute fuels to justify their claims—bave, shifted to 'blue coal'.

Then why risk your good money on fuels of uncertain burning qualities? Or on fuel that gives off a black, sticky smudge to ruin drapes and furniture? Why gamble on any substitute when you can be sure of clean, steady heat with 'blue coal' and save money.

heat with 'blue coal' and save money.

For generations high-grade anthracite has been the favorite fuel of home owners everywhere. 'blue coal' is the cream of Pennsylvania Hard Coal-colored blue for your protection.

'blue coal' sends heat up fast on cold mornings—keeps your home at a cozy, uniform temperature all day—and banks perfectly at night.

To get the best every time you order always specify 'blue coal'. Your near-set 'blue coal' dealer is listed in the 'Where-To-Buy-It' section of your classified telephone book, under the words 'blue coal'. Phone your order to him today!

I. D. Short Lbr. Co. HARRINGTON, DELAWARE

gradually smerge from the cyclone ed, but has in fact retarded the receilars to which they retired on the vival of business. These are the fourth of March. It is evident almed who exhorted the people ready that the roll is likely to inceilars to which they retired on the fourth of March. It is evident all-ready that the roll is likely to include most of the discredited and incompetent leaders of private and public affairs who guided the American peole will the produce a plan to stop the down-lican people down into the depths of the depression, while they them-selves worked feverishly to save their private fortunes by betraying their obligations to those who trust-ed them. The roll call should include many of the deflated "big" men who had star parts in the "Follies of 125", the big tax-evaders who risted them, they competent the properties of 125", the big tax-evaders who in the depths of the properties of 125", the big investment consistors who misted the investment consistors who misted the customers, the big utility operators who bled their stockholders who led their stockholders who led their stockholders and the public at the same time the big industrialists who wasted billions in expanding their plants while they helped to destroy their customers, the big professional misguiders of public opinion—the subsidized economing the support of these precisions with the deadly fevere of speculation. Coming to the support of these precisional misquiders of public opinion—the subsidized econominate, business operations with the deadly fevere of speculation. Coming to the support of these precisions with the deadly fevere and their business operations with the deadly fevere and their business operations with the deadly fevere and they be continued their depositors of the copinion—the subsidized economination of the support of these precisions with the deadly fevere and they be continued the substitute of the professional misquiders of public opinion—the subsidized economination and the proposition of the substitute of the professional misquiders of public opinion—the subsidized economination while the substitute of the professional misquiders of public opinion—the subsidized economination to the substitute of the professional misquiders of public

a business of creating public opinion of contrary to the public interest—and who are masters of the art of persuading eople that their best friends are those who make the most money OUT of them, and that conditions have been permanently improved. No one with an friends are those who make the most money OUT of them, and that conferred by the N. I. R. A. which tained Wal their worst enemies are those who are now being realized in such great Hall. FOR THEMSELVES.

ican people that the recovery pro- economic recovery. Only ignorance week.

gram of the President has not aid- or the wilful disregard of facts Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hill, with his dinner

try to help them make more money industries as textiles, steel, oil, lum-FOR THEMSELVES.

"These are the men who today or endorse the opinion that the opinion that

could ' be re

Mrs. G. D. Harrington had for week-end guests her son and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Hamilton, of Germantown, Pa., and also entertained Wallace Hill and Mrs. Clara with his mother and other relatives

Mrs. Annie Booth is visiting her ber and coal, would sincerely express sister, Mrs. Kate Downes, of Wil-

the professional misguiders of public opinion—the subsidized economists, statisticians, financial writers and high power publicists who make a business of creating public opinion in the general welfare have resulted a business of creating public opinion.

Mrs. W. H. Murphy had her sister, Mrs. Jennie Sheldrake Ransom, and three friends from Rahway, N. and with its, and other help, the fire a business of creating public opinion of already from the codification of considerable damage had been don

FREDERICA
Mr. and Mrs. William Hart enter-tained the Ladies Aid Society of Bar-ratt's Chapel very delightfully at their home, near town, last Friday

Dr. and Mrs. J. Bradley Grier made their home a sceene of beauty with large baskets of gorgeous chrysannums grown by them in their

Mrs. Catts, Mrs. Vaughn Warren me of the latter, on Friday of last week. Most of the members went masked. Mrs. Laura Miten and Mrs. Elizabeth Vinyard gave readings. Numerous games and guessing contests were conducted.

Miss Mary B. Dickerson ertentained as her week-end guest, Miss Win-frey, a member of the Harrington public school faculty. Saturday evening Miss Derrickson gave a party to the entire faculty of the Harington public school.

Mrs. Homer T. Betts, of Riverview Farm, near Middletown, spent the week-end visiting Misses S. Helena and Bertha Case, Mrs. Virginia Speel, and Mrs. S. W. Betts.

NOTICE TO BIDDERS
TOWN OF HARRINGTON
KENT COUNTY
DELAWARE BIDS FOR SANITARY SEWERS, SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT,

AND SEWAGE PUMPING STATION

November, 1933, at the Town Hall,

Sealed proposals will be received by the Town Council of the Town of Harrington, Delaware, at or be-fore 8:00 p. m. on the 14th day of

system, as follows: CONTRACT NO. 1—Sanitary sev ers. 155 manholes and appurte-nances, and 1950 lineal feet of 6'

cast iron force main. CONTRACT NO. 2—Sewage treatnent plant, sewage pumping sta-ion, chlorinating apparatus, and

wire fence.
Plans and specifications are on file and may be examined at the office of the Secretary of Council, Harrington, Delaware, and may be obtained from the Consulting Engineers, Remington, Vosbury, and Goff, No. 509 Cooper Street, Camden, New Jersey, upon a deposit of Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00), \$7.50 of which will be refunded upon the return of same in good condition within ten days after received bids. days after receipt of bids.

Each proposal must be accompa-nied by cash or certified check en-dorsed and made payable to the or-der of the Town of Harrington for five (5) per cent of the amount of

The proposed work is subject to all requirements as set forth by the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works.

Bids may be submitted for either or both Contract No. 1 and—or No. Council of the Town of Harring-ton reserves the right to award the contract to the lowest bidder under each section. The Council also reserves the right to determine upon
the qualifications of the bidder to
comply with the plans and specifications, and also reserves the right
to reject any or all bids.

WILLIAM S. SMITH,
Secretary of Town Council.

Secretary of Town Council.

LE GRANDE FOOD STORES

are owned and operated by the man behind the counter—We serve and save for you.

E GRANDE FOOD STORES

PRACTICE **ECONOMY** and QUALITY at the LE GRANDE FOOD STORES

"ARMISTICE DAY"

America, the greatest of them all, uses this day to look forward to a great new era. The past is only a memory-the future holds our destiny. We can make it what we will.



Dromo. Citron, ½-lb. pkg. 10c Dromo. Lemon Peel, ½-lb. pkg. 10c Dromo. Orange Peel, ¼-lb. pkg. 10c Diced Fruits Citron, Orange, 1/4-lb. pkg. 10c

CASH SPECIALS! Friday, Nov. 10 to Thursday, Nov. 16 Currants, Full 15-oz. pkg. 19c Seedless Raisins . . 2 pkgs. 17c Citron Loose . . B.B. Spices for Fruit Cakes, 2 pkgs. 17c



2 Pkgs.

Breakfast Food

Champions

FILLETT MACKEREL 3 for 17c

PHILLIP'S VEG. SOUP

Lg. Can 10c

PEA BEANS 3 Lbs. 14c

LEGRANDE PEACHES 2 Cans 29c



COFFEE њ. **23**с



MOKAY COFFEE њ. 27c

Dromedary Cranberry Sauce, can 17c LeGrande Pumpkin . . can 12c Burns Pie Cherries . . can 15c LeGrande Apple Sauce, 2 cans 17c Whole Grain Corn Crimson Cord, can 10c

(Majestic MAYONNAISE, 2 Jan 23c)

Postum Cereal . . . pkg. 23c Post Toasties . . . 2 pkgs. 19c Log Cabin Syrup . . . can 25c Minute Tapioca . . 2 pkgs. 25c



Fresh

Fruits and

Vegetables

3 Bars 19c

It's a Purely Vegetable Oil Soap! Mild—Safe—Protective!



SUGAR 10-1b. 48c FRIDAY and

0

RIDAY and SATURDA ONLY VA. DARE CHOCOLATES Lb. Pkg. 47c

"THE ROANOKE PACKAGE"

Uneeda Bakers Oval Creams, lb. 25c Lake Shore Honey, 1-lb. jar 23c Chocolate Drops . . 2 lbs. 25c Peanut Brittle lb. 17c Calif. Lima Beans . . 2 lbs. 19c DATES Small Pkg. 10c Washburn Pancake, 2 pkgs. 19c

Gold Medal Buckwheat, pkg. 10c LeGrande Tomatoes, can 10c Brooms Good Value, each 29c

CHIPSO 2 Pkgs. 15c

P&G SOAP 3 Bars 10c

the soap of beautiful wom Bar 5c

~0~

CAMAY

READY TO HELP YOU SHOP AND SAVE

E. C. RAMSDELL W. E. BILLINGS HARRINGTON. DELAWARE EMERSON G. LANGFORD FARMINGTON, DELAWARE

LeGrande Foed Store Member

Quality Meat Headquarters

FRANKNESS Making Clear the Fundamentals of Banking

the facts about banking operations. It is right that they should have full information about a ness which so closely concerns their own

A policy of frankness in dealing with our viewpoints. It also helps you to appreciate the bank's attitude on various matters of mutual

We desire to make this bank constantly more useful to you and your friends.

THE PEOPLES BANK OF HARRINGTON HARRINGTON, DEL.

Bed Blankets AND **Outing Flannels**

At last seasons prices-with all the talk of higher prices, we have been able to hold down the prices of these two articles.

UNDERWEAR AND **SWEATERS**

AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES

We are well stocked with seasonable merchandise and invite you to compare our prices before making your Fall purchases.

WILBUR E. JACOBS HARRINGTON, DEL.

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Misses Annie Minehan and Margaret Lee, of Wilmington, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. W. H.

Mrs. Bessie Warrington, Mr. and Mrs. Fooks and Emory Collins, of Chester, and Frede VonGoerres, of Philadelphia, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Herbert VonGoer-

Miss Anna Masten, of Wilmington,

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Simpson and Mrs. Sawdust free.—A. C. CreadMr. and Mrs. Frank Simpson, of Cape Charles, Va., spent the weekend with M. T. Adams-and children.
Mrs. Rill Kerner and daughter, of Philadelphia, have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Fleming.
Mr. and Mrs. Louis Clymer spent.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Clymer spent.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Clymer spent

the week-end with relatives in Phil-Fred Wilson has purchased the

ssie Dickerson residence on Wein-

that you have been wanting, a Phil-co.—The Radio Store.
Mr. and Mrs. Paul Short, Mrs. Sunday. All extras included; mince

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Massey enter tained over the week-end Mr. and Mrs. George Goldner, Ernest Goldner, Mr. and Mrs. Finley Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Finley Walker, United States Senator John G. Mrs. Fibert Stevens, Mr. United States Senator John G. Selbeville, Del. Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Massey enter-Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Walker and Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Walker, all of Wilming-

For Rent-8-room house, with

Mrs. Nettle Hickman, Claud Hick-man, Mrs. Anna Wyatt and Miss Ruth Parris spent Tuesday in Wil-

ormond Hobbs, of Harrington, was operated on for appendicitis at the Milford Emergency Hospital on

Saturday.
Smith Wright, the son of Mr. and \$240,000.00. Mrs. Willard Wright, has been confined to his home with an attack of pneumonia, but is improving.

Maytag Washers are now \$64.50.

—The Radio Store.

mr. and Mrs. Solomon Sawtelle, of the character and magnitude of the jobs for which bids are of Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Jones on Sunday.

W. S. Smith, Harrington, Del.

Miss Mollie Cleves visited relatives in Philadelphia on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Dean and Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Todd, of Federalsburg, Md., were called here this week by the serious illness of J. A. Dean, who is at the home of his son E. W. Dean.

Dancing every Friday night at Swain's Hotel.

Mrs. Raymond Dische and son, of Wilmington, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Hanson.

Mrs. David Denney and son, David; Mrs. Anna Ert and Mrs. Anna Walker, all of Wilmington, spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Massey.

Mispillion street. Apply to Edgar

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Cain and children, of Elmer, N. J., were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Slaughter, Jr.

Gunning Notices for sale at the Harrington Journal office.

Ed Walls attended a district managers' meeting of the A. & P. Co. at Pocomoke City, Md., Wednesday

Lost—Baby's brown overshoe.-Mrs. Gordon Smith.

Don't forget the Ladies' Aid Society's chicken salad and oyster supper at the M. E. Church Thursday, November 16th.

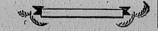


FUNERAL SERVICE

We render the highest type of funeral service

Years of experience in serving representative families

F. W. HARRINGTON Harrington, Del. Telephone 26



Mrs. Jack Masten and Miss Laura

Mr. and Mrs, Henry Hardesty, of Philadelphia, spent the week-with Mr. and Mrs. William Reed.

Your radio has been sitting idle a long time. Why not have it looked over and put in shape?—The Radio Store. The teachers of the Harrington schools are attending the Teachers' Institute at Newark. Gunning Notices for sale at the

spent the week-end with her par-ents, near town.

Leonard Horleman is spending the of Middletown, spent Monday with week-end with his parents at Ox-ford, Md.

Ox
Ox
Louis Slaughter

ford, Md.

Why not surprise the wife with a new Maytag Washer, either electric or with gasoline motor?—The Radio Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Simpson and days. Sawdust free.—A. C. Cread-

Mrs. A. P. Lewis, of Harrington, is in the Milford Emergency Hos-pital, receiving treatment for a fractured hip, the result of a fall. For Rent-7-room house on Mis-Trade in your old set and get one pillion street. Apply to R. A. Sauls-

Sunday. All extras included; mince and pumpkin pie—at Wix's Restaur-

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Short, and pumpkin pie—at Wix's Restaurall of Georgetown, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Joséph Fleming.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Harrington Fire Company will be held Monday evening.

Assembly at Wilmington Thursday of last week: Mrs. Tabitha Bostic, Mrs. Elmer West, Mrs. W. R. Massembly at Wilmington Thursday of last week: Mrs. Tabitha Bostic, Mrs. Elmer West, Mrs. W. R. Massembly at Wilmington Thursday of last week: Mrs. Tabitha Bostic, Mrs. Elmer West, Mrs. Flowd Turner, Claseron Brand new Philcos, complete with thousand-hour battery for ones without electricity, \$46.00.—The Radio beth West, one of the retiring officers of the Assembly, received several beautiful gifts.

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

The State Board of Education in Delaware, in conjunction with the School Building Commissions for the several districts will, during the latter part of the year 1933, and the year 1934, advertise for bids for school buildings.

The estimated cost of these buildings will years from \$8,000.00 to the Musical Sensation of the Year-"MY WEAKNESS" with LILLIAN HARVEY-LEW AYRES Pl. Big Family Variety Show

ings will vary from \$8,000.00 to

\$240,000.00. When the plans and specifications are ready for these jobs they will be issued only to contractors who have pre-qualified and shown their financial and structural ability to do

The data required must be filed standard form of questionaire For Sale—Singing Canaries.—Mrs.
V. S. Smith, Harrington, Del.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Ramsdell and
Hiss Mollie Cleves visited relatives

DuPont Building, Wilmington, Del-SALLY EILERS. aware, and returned to the same place by 10 A. M., Tuesday, Novem-ber 21, 1933.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION H. V. HOLLOWAY, Secretary

HOTEL KERNAN



ENJOY your stay in Bal-timore at a hotel with

Rooms \$1.50 and up.

PERSONAL SERVICE

K. W. Boyer

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hudson, Miss

and Lucille Tharp and Mrs. Eurell, of thesLucille Tharp and Mrs. Eurell, of thesUpper Darby, Pa., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Tharp Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Tharp Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Tharp Tuesday.

Trees taken down or trimmed.—

Trees taken down or trimmed.—

Elmer West.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kohlbecker, of Milford, were guests of Mr. and Mrs.

J. O. Pride several days this week.

Miss Pauline Wix, a student nurse in the Wilmington General Hospital,

50c—Special 50c Turkey Dinner Sunday. All extras included; mince and pumpkin pie-at Wix's Restaur-

Your subscription to the Journal is due. Why not pay it.

son or another boy. The price of the be on sale after November 12th.

Name of Applicant

REESE

THEATRE

LILLIAN HARVEY-LEW AYRES

"PADDY" The Next Best Thing

NORMAN FOSTER and

THE POWER AND THE GLORY

Plus Big Family Variety Show

WARNER BAXTER IN

RALPH MORGAN in

Sunday Midnight, Mon.-Tues. November 13-14

JANET GAYNOR and

Fri.-Sat., Nov. 17-18 SPENCER TRACY and

Ninth District
Ellers, E. J.
Sigler, Charles W.
Workman, Jessie Green
Sixth District
Caulk, Lynden D.

Miss Virginia Bagnell, of Belleville, N. J., is spending some time with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. White.

Gunning Notices for sale at the Harrington Journal office.

hey, both of Philadelphia. Mrs. H. mington; Mrs. Harry Adams, Snow ticket is 50 cents, and the limited J. Ramsdell and Miss Mollie Cleaves, Hill, Md.; Mrs. Frank Steinmetz and number of tickets 150. Tickets will of Harrington, are sisters of the de-

5 Year Base Period Averages

Wheat Production and Acreage Statements of the 6th and 9th districts in Kent County of wheat growers using the 5-year base period 1928-29-30-31-32 who have presented applications for wheat allotment contracts on

ROBERT A. GARTON, C. ARTHUR TAYLOR.

Notice Taxpayers!

I, NELSON SLAUGHTER, RECEIVER OF TAXES IN AND

FOR KENT COUNTY, DO HERERY NOTIFY THE TAXPAYERS

OF SAID COUNTY THAT PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF VOL. 33, CHAPTER 84, SECTION 6 OF THE LAWS OF DELA-

WARE, I WILL SIT DURING THE MONTH OF AUGUST AT THE

PLACES AND ON THE DATES HEREINAFTER NAMED, BE-

TWEEN THE HOURS OF TEN A. M. AND THREE-THIRTY P. M. FOR THE PURPOSE OF RECEIVING COUNTY AND SPECIAL

-City Collector Office

SCHOOL TAXES DUE IN KENT COUNTY

Milford Nov. 20-

Harrington Nov. 15-Town Hall

Kenton Nov. 8-Geo. Knotts Store

Little Creek Nov. 16—C. M. Harrington

Clayton Nov. 24-Rynear Slaughter Office

Wyoming Nov. 27-First National Bank Smyrna Nov. 29—National Bank

Frederica Nov. 30—Wm. H. Stevenson

THERE IS ONE PER CENT PENALTY ADDED EACH MONTH ON ALL TAXES PAID AFTER SEPTEMBER 80th, 1933

ALL CAPITATION TAXES NOT PAID BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 1933, WILL BE PLACED IN THE HANDS OF A CONSTABLE FOR IMMEDIATE COLLECTION WITH COST.

NELSON SLAUGHTER.

in the Wilmington General Hospital, spent Sunday with her parents here. W. S. Wroten died suddenly at his home here Monday afternoon of a

heart attack. He was eighty-two years of age and had spent most of his life in this community. Ser-A Father and Son Banquet will be held in the Collins' Educational Building Thursday evening, December 7th, sponsored by the Booster Class. Good speakers and good entertainment have been secured and a turkey platter will be served. Every father is entitled to bring his depending to the control of the contr Jennings Wroten, both of Harring

are spending the week at the Chica-

Downes, in Wilmington.

Gunning Notices for sale at the

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bailey and son

Home Demonstration Club will day, November 18th.

The annual District Sunday School Convention will be held in the Felton M. E. Church on Thursday, Nov. Lester Wingate, of Rehoboth. 16. There will be afternoon and o'clock and 7:00 o'clock

Mrs. Rebecca Tumlin is making OBSERVE FIFTIETH an extended visit to Mrs. Kate WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Wingate entertained at their home on Center street Saturday evening in honor of their fiftieth wedding anniversary.

and for the past thirty-eight years have been residents of Harrington.

Their children are Mrs. George
Hanson, of Harrington, Charles B.

Wingate, of Germantown, Pa., and

Many guests were present from Harrington, Frederica, Milford, Wil-mington and Philadelphia.

Wheat Production and Acreage Statements of Members of the Wheat Producti on Control Association of Kent and Sussex Counties, State of Delaware

The following is a statement of the production and planted acreages of wheat in the years 1930-1931-1932 and planted acreage for 1933 of producers (of) 6th and 9th Districts of Kent County who have submitted applications for farm allotments. This publication is made in compli-ance with the regulations of the Agricultural Adjustment Adminis-tration. It is made so that a check may be made on all statement claims, and so that reports may be made to the county Wheat Pro-duction Control Association on any inaccuracies which may appear in

The allotment for these counties has been definitely calculated from official records of the United States Department of Agriculture, and is 579,696 bushels. This is the total allotment for these counties. Therefore, if any farmer receives a greater allotment than his past production warrants, he is thus depriving other farmers in these counties of their just share.

Total production figures of those who apply for contracts, together with those who do not, must be consistent with the official county production as shown by the records of the United States Department of Agriculture. If the county totals are greater than the official totals, it will be necessary to make a downward adjustment.

Any person may make a confidential report if he finds any statement here which he believes to be inaccurate. Such reports should be made to the community or county Allotment Committee, either in writing or verbally. The reports will be strictly confidential. A farmer whose statements are said to be inaccurate will need to prove his oduction figures.

Farmers have been asked to furnish evidence of production and evidence of sale, such as thresherman's certificates, elevator certificates, or other records and receipts. Satisfactory evidence will be required of any farmer whose statement is questioned.

The following statements have been condensed to save space. "A." resents acres planted and "bu." represents bushels harvested. The "3-year average" represents the 3-year average acreage and production of 1930-32. Farmers should refer any questions regarding this publication to their Community Committee or the County Allotment Committee.

(Signed) R. HARRY WILSON Chairman County Allotment Committee. ROBERT A. GARTON, C. ARTHUR TAYLOR.

NINTH DISTRICT COMMUNITY COMMITTEE: C. A. Taylor, N. J. Harrington, Elmer Brow

| 1 | Name of Applicant | Total acres on farm | 1930 Wheat | | 1931 Wheat | | 1932 Wheat | | 1930-1932 | | 933 |
|----------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | | Acres | Bushels | Acres | Bushels | Acres | Bushels | Acres | Bushels | SOMU SCIES |
| | Anthony, Edward | 1 80 | 36 | 590 | 30 | 450 | 23 | 232 | 30 | 424 | 28 |
| | Blades, Harlan R. | 104 | 42 | 879 | 40 | 835 | 38 | 475 | 40 | 730 | 35 |
| - | Brown, Elmer | 128 | 58 | 737 | 44 | 720 | 25 | 222 | 42 | 560 | 20 |
| - | Benson, Samuel | 146 | 23 | 309 | 18 | 343 | 22 | 127 | 21 | 260 | 23 |
| 田 | Baker, Edward | 136 | 25 | 543 | 24 | 483 | 25 | 250 | 25 | 425 | 24 |
| 出 | Bradley, Manlove S. | 200 | 00 | 000 | 27 | 500 | 3 | 000 | 10 | 167 | . 3 |
| H | Coulbourn, Martin | 82 | . 12 | 225 | 9 | 218 | 12 | 151 | 11 | 198 | 13 |
| 2 | Draper, Bennie | 75 | 25 | 510 | 28 | 742 | 28 | 382 | 27 | 545 | 26 |
| | Drummond, J. N. & H. | 203 | 17 | 272 | 16 | 225 | 14 | 182 | 16 | 226 | 17 |
| . 8 | Golt, Wm. H. | 183 | 36 | 820 | 61 | 1331 | 26 | 381 | 41 | 844 | 32 |
| | Hanson, W. J. | 270 | 65 | 1086 | 62 | 1050 | 48 | 414 | 58 | 917 | 46 |
| | Hopkins, Edwin W. | 100 | 30 | 412 | 21 | 316 | 28 | 404 | 26 | 377 | 20 |
| 田 田 | Ivins, Webster C. | 87 | 28 | 558 | 27 | 512 | 28 | 204 | 28 | 425 | 22 |
| 出 | Legates, Harry E. | 160 | 38 | 819 | 44 | 669 | 39 | 309 | 40 | 599 | 30 |
| | Melvin, Frank | 152 | 26 | 489 | 22 | 401 | 18 | 321 | 22 | 403 | 16 |
| | Noble, P. Henry | 210 | 74 | 1652 | 72 | 1728 | 68 | 742 | 71 | 1374 | 35 |
| | Outten, Norman | 105 | 21 | 601 | 23 | 488 | 17 | 271 | 20 | 453 | 20 |
| B | Paskey, Walter | 122 | 40 | 589 | 38 | 428) | 30 | 293) | 36) | 437 | 28 |
| * | Price, Carl | 103 | 30 | 770 | 26 | 863 | 26 | 357 | 27 | 663 | 18 |
| | Ryan, Wm. J. | 62 | 20 | 338 | 15 | 277 | 15 | 108 | 17 | 244 | 15 |
| | | 140 | 31 | 636 | 33 | 672 | 32 | 350 | 32 | 552 | 23 |
| EXEN | Smith, Walter F. | 130 | 15 | 450 | 20 | 515 | 20 | 215 | 18 | 393 | 20 |
| 610 | Sapp, Benjamin | 94 | 19 | 280 | 16 | 310 | 14 | 131 | 16 | 240 | 19 |
| Colle | Sullivan, L. E. | 120 170 | 63 | 1211 | 64 | 774 | 57 | 586 | 61 | 857 | 35 |
| 100 | Sherwood, Homer | 75 | 14 | 280 | 14 28 | 298 | 14 | 301 | 14 | 293 | 14 |
| 11 | Sullivan, Norman | | 31 | 611 | 32 | 558 | 25 | 315 | 28 | 495 | 34 |
| ŦИ | Stafford, Wm. A. | 165 214 | 58 | 574 | 48 | 900 | 43 | 275 379 | 50 | 583 | 35 |
| ш | Starkey, John F. Taylor, C. Arthur | 127 | 26 | 805 | 26 | 453 | 22 | 229 | 25 | 612 | |
| Ш | Todd, Josephine | 215 | 45 | 675 | 20 | 309 | 28 | 209 | 31 | 398 | 26 55 |
| ш | Willis, Chas. W. | 125 | 35 | 405 | 40 | 452 | 35 | 375 | 37 | 411 | 38 |
| ш | Wright, M. W. | 107 | 23 | 378 | 22 | 350 | 23 | 256 | 23 | 328 | 18 |
| ш | Wright, Wm. H. | 115 | 27 | 564 | 18 | 562 | 21 | 342 | 22 | 489 | 22 |
| ш | Workman, Earl R. | 124 | 22 | 448 | 22 | 296 | 22 | 278 | 22 | 374 | 22 |
| ш | Wilson, Robt. C. | 164 | 61 | 1130 | 35 | 452 | 36 | 393 | 44 | 658 | 35 |
| ш | Zeitler, Herman | 106 | 11 | 215 | 9 | 200 | 10 | 135 | 10 | 183 | 11 |
| ш | - Alexander | 100 | | 210 | 0 | 200 | 101 | 100 | 7 | 100 | 2000 |

COMMUNITY COMMITTEE: L. D. Caulk, Elwood B. Gruwell, Edgar W. Dill

3-Year av-

| | Total acres on farm | 1930 Wheat | | 1931 Wheat | | 1932 Wheat | | 1930-1932 | | 933 w |
|---------------------|------------------------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|-----------|---------|-------------|
| Name of Applicant | | Acres | Bushels | Acres | Bushels | Acres | Bushels | Acres | Bushels | wheat acres |
| Allen, Paul | 228 | 60 | 921 | 65 | 1236 | 44 | 370 | 56 | 842 | 37 |
| Brown, George C. | 237 | 46 | 730 | 43 | 740 | 46 | 678 | 45 | 716 | 40 |
| Curtis, Lewis | 200 | 48 | 680 | 44 | 486 | 38 | 453 | 43 | 540 | 20 |
| Camper, Harry | 108 | 25 | 736 | 25 | 393 | 27 | 341 | 26 | 490 | 26 |
| Camper, Harry | 223 | 60 | 1406 | 60 | 1650 | 40 | 725 | 53 | 1260 | 47 |
| Cohee, C. B. | 160 | 58 | 1098 | 55 | 1063 | 41 | 395 | 51 | 852 | 42 |
| Cohee, Norman R. | 168 | 42 | 755 | 33 | 523 | 32 | 269 | 36 | 516 | 27 |
| Cornish, Mack | 130 | 20 | 464 | 23 | 240 | 18 | 225 | 20 | 310 | 17 |
| Carter, Alfred | 288 | 43 | 570 | 35 | 504 | 40 | 180 | 39 | 418 | 37 |
| Dill, Harry J. | 208 | 46 | 963 | 48 | 935 | 43 | 456 | 46 | 785 | 37 |
| Dill, Edgar W. | 200 | 41 | 652 | 27 | 506 | 50 | 481 | . 39 | 546 | 25 |
| Glanden, Herbert | 135 | 55 | 858 | 49 | 1009 | 55 | 660 | 53 | 842 | 35 |
| Dill, Warren J. | 116 | 42 | 838 | 32 | 428 | 20 | 145 | 31 | 470 | 20 |
| Gruwell, Elwood B. | 250 | 76 | 1767 | 62 | 1376 | 50 | 766 | 63 | 1303 | 48 |
| Greenly, John W. | 180 | 45 | 1465 | 45 | 1045 | 45 | 765 | 45 | 1092 | 22 |
| Harper, Isaac D. | 194 | 30 | 279 | 20 | 239 | 12 | 103 | 21 | 207 | 22 |
| Hurd, Ralph | 175 | 80 | 1908 | 75 | 952 | 70 | 703 | 75 | 1188 | 44 |
| Hughes, Paul B. | 100 | 34 | 820 | 34 | 700 | 34 | 456 | 34 | 659 | 34 |
| Jester, Willard | 220 | 58 | 1271 | 52 | 997 | 47 | 631 | .52 | 966 | 34 |
| Longfellow, Paul L. | 190 | 65 | 1256 | 55 | 944 | 40 | 317 | 53 | 839 | 43 |
| Melvin, George W. | 150 | 35 | 843 | : 40 | 743 | 28 | 505 | 34 | 697 | 27 |
| Paskey, Raymond | 127 | 25 | 500 | 25 | 400 | 23 | 340 | 24 | 413 | 22 |
| Reynolds, Robt. W. | 224 | 85 | 2002 | 65 | 1043 | . 56 | 852 | 69 | 1299 | 57 |
| Rash, Thomas W. | 320 | 68 | 1606 | 60 | 1074 | 50 | 434 | 59 | 1038 | 44 |
| Sipple, Chas. L. | 62 | 13 | 332 | 12 | 210 | 11 | 150 | 12 | 231 | 9 |
| Sipple, Chas. L. | 226 | 27 | 510 | 25 | 406 | 20 | 146 | 24 | 354 | 23 |
| Shulties, Paul P. | 175 | 75 | 1640 | 75 | 1174 | 48 | 478 | 66 | 1097 | 75 |
| Saulsbury, James W. | 266 | 44 | 842 | 46 | 934 | 23 | 345 | 38 | 707 | -38 |
| Voshell, Emory | 205 | 59 | 923 | 52 | 653 | 48 | 404 | 53 | 660 | 53 |
| Voshell, Norman | 150 | 50 | 958 | 49 | 680 | 35 | 392 | 45 | 677 | 25 |
| Vanderwende, R. E. | 164 | 24 | 330 | 26 | 368 | 22 | 257 | 24 | 318 | 10 |
| Welch, Jacob F. | 50 | 10 | 254 | 9 | 273 | 12 | 115 | 10 | 214 | 10 |
| Wright, W. M., Jr. | 140 | 40 | 600 | 52 | 777 | 20 | 180 | 37 | 519 | 30 |
| Webb, J. Wesley | 83 | 24 | 579 | 20 | 388 | 20 | 356 | 21 | 441 | 11 |
| Webb, A. K. | 434 | 86 | 1486 | 70 | 888 | 40 | 360 | 65 | 911 | 15 |
| Webb, J. Wm. | 192 | 50 | 1102 | 44 | 849 | 36 | 365 | 43 | 772 | 20 |
| Ziebutski, Gustav | 198 | 29 | 539 | 31 | 390 | 30 | 386 | 30 | 438 | 29 |

Circulate Your Money

THE BEST WAY TO DO THAT IS TO DEPOSIT WHAT YOU DO NOT UTIL-IZE (IT THEN HAS NO UTILITY) WITH YOUR BANK. IT GOES OUT OF THE ING THEIR REGULAR BUSINESS FUNCTIONS, MAKE THAT KIND OF BUSI-NESS ACTIVITY THAT KEEPS THE COMMUNITY BUSY AND PROSPEROUS.

IF IT CIRCULATES

A MILLION DOLLARS POURED INTO THIS TOWN TOMORROW-AND PROMPTLY HIDDEN IN HIDING PLACES, WOULD DO NO GOOD—THAT MIL-LION, CIRCULATED, WOULD MAKE A THOUSAND PEOPLE BUSY WHO COULD MAKE TEN THOUSAND MORE HAPPY.

> IT IS A SIMPLE ACT TO BANK YOUR IDLE FUNDS, YET IT IS A NEIGHBORLY THING TO DO BECAUSE IT WORKS A COMMUNITY BENEFIT:

WE PAY 3 PER CENT ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Harrington,

Delaware

Member Federal Reserve Bank System

By W. P. Flint, Chief Entomologist, Illinois Natural History Survey. WNU Service.

Having wrought ruin throughout the corn belt during the past two seasons, chinch bugs are now going into bibernation in such thick numbers that Illinois might easily lose 25 per cent of its next year's corn crop, or more than \$46,000,000, on the basis of the ten-year average annual farm value of the grain.

ten-year average annual farm value of the grain.

A campaign of warfare against the chinch-bug carryover, which will be largest since 1837, was mapped out at a recent conference of entomolo-gists of the central West, The pro-gram covers the coming winter, spring and summer.

gram covers the coming winter, spring and summer.

Fall plowing and the burning of hibernating quarters are to be stressed during the fall and winter campaign. The attack upon the bugs next spring will be directed along the lines of planning cropping systems so that they will include as many crops as possible upon which the bugs do not feed. Some reliance will be placed upon chinch-bug resistant varieties of corn. At small-grain harvest time many of the bugs can be killed by the use of barriers.

Approximately 73 counties, or about three-fourths of the state, are now includes all of the state, are now includes all of the state except a band of counties in the extreme southern part and a narrower strip of counties at the extreme north.

The fact that fillinols farmers have had two bad chinch-bug years does not mean the end of their troubles. Outbreaks of the bugs usually last from two to four years. Some former Illinols outbreaks not as extensive as the present one have persisted for as long as five years.

Wheat Is Safe From

Fly if Planted Right Fly if Planted Right
Illinois' adjusted acreage of wheat
should escape serious injury from the
Hessian fly, the worst insect pest of
the crop, provided it is seeded on the
normal dates for highest yield, according to results of a survey announced by W. P. Filint, chief entomologist of the Illinois state natural history survey and of the experiment station, College of Agriculture, University of Illinois.

The fly is scarce this year, the infestation in many areas being only 10
per cent of that found in 1932, it was
revealed by the survey. Parasites
preying on the fly are about the same
as last year.

Controlling the Hessian fly through
seeding wheat at the proper time and

Controlling the Hessian fly through seeding wheat at the proper time and through other means is one essential aid in getting the stability of production which the agricultural adjustment administration is seeking, it was pointed out. The average total farm value of the state's wheat crop during the past 67 years has varied from a high of \$148,041,000 in 1919 to a low of \$3,218,000 in 1932, and insects like the Hessian fly have been one of the hazards that have played a part in that fluctuation.

hazards that have played a part in that fluctuation.

No way to control the Hessian fly after it once takes possession of a grain field has been discovered. The principal way to combat this pest is to sow wheat on the date for highest yield, to practice crop rotation, to plow under all infested stubble promptly, to destroy all volunteer wheat, to plow all land to be sown to wheat searly and as deeply as possible, to prepare a good seed, conserve moisture and use good seed.

Timber Crop in 25 Years
A forest plantation of 324 acres
started by a coke company of Scotts
dale, Pa., from 1906 to 1912 now contains many trees ready for cutting for
mine props and langting. The plantings were made under plans furnished
by the United States forest service in
1906. Large areas of red oak and
smaller ones of silver maple made the
best growth. Some of the twentyfive-year-old stands of oak and maple
recently examined by extension foresters were found to be 50 feet high,
containing trees 10 inches in diameter,
although most of the stands were 30
to 40 feet in height. Except where
forest fires had invaded portions of
the area, the plantings proved commercially profitable. Timber Crop in 25 Years

Feeding Calves

A small amount of grain and hay should be offered to the calf when about two weeks of age or when skimmlik is substituted for whole milk. This should be gradually increased until the animal is receiving about three pounds of grain a day at six months of age when the calf should be weaned. The grain will then be further libraries and the provide necessary nutrients. formerly supplied by the milk

Ground or Whole Grain

Ground or Whole Grain
There is no advantage in grinding
grain for young calves, according to
experiments recently finished at Purdue university. Ten calves were raised
to an age of six months on whole grain
and ten more were fed on ground
grains of the same kind. At the end
of the experiment one lot had gained
just about the same amount as the
other. The calves on ground grain
ate more than the others, but did not
make correspondingly greater gain.—
Prairie Farmer.

Size of Cows

Size of Cows

A good big cow is better than a good little cow according to the experiences of members of dalry herd improvement associations throughout the United States. For instance, beginning with 000-pound cows, it was observed that butterfat production went up as follows for each 100 pounds increase in weight of the cows; 200 pounds, 335 pounds, 346 pounds, 320 pounds, 335 pounds, 346 pounds, 352 pounds, and 357 pounds for heavier 1,200-pound cows.

OUR COMIC SECTION

Events in the Lives of Little Men



Give Her Credit FINNEY OF THE FORCE INSULTED WILZ YEZ? | WELL, CAN I HELP AIN'T THAT GITTIN' IT? I'LL TELL YOU T'BE CHRONIC WIT' YEZ? | WHAT HAPPENED SAY, WHUT'S
THIS OI HEAR
BOUT YEZ RAISIN'
A RUMPUS DOWN
AT TH' BEE-HOIVE
STHORE ? WHAT HAPPENED-I BOUGHT SOME STUFF THERE AND I WANTED TO WELL YOU CAN'T BLAME INSULTED CHARGE IT I HAVE A CHARGE ACCOUNT AND
I SAID NO, SO HE SAID I WOULD
HAVE TO SEE THE MANAGER,
SO I SAID WHERE IS HE, AND
HE CALLS OUT ACROSS THE FLOR
TO THE MANAGER THIS DUMB CLERK HOLLERSMR BROWN! HERE'S A LADY OF
NO ACCOUNT TO SEE YOU!
SO THAT'S WHY I HIT HIM WITH THREE DOLLAR YIS?



Better Times
Mae—What a lovely fur coat you are on! Your husband, must have better job.
Edythe—No I gave up that Idea are months ago. What I have now is a better husband.

Retiring Insect

Jinks—The moth is a very shy and mid insect, it seems to me.

Spinks—Yes. I caught one in my rousers tast week, and he seemed perfectly willing to take a back seat.

OUT OF DATE



tual but Sticker carries it a little bit too far." "How's that?"

"Why, he wants a fellow to return borrowed money the day he promises to do so." Teacher (looking over Teddy's homework)—I don't see how it's possible for a single person to make so many mistakes.

Teddy (proudly)—It isn't a single person, teacher. Father helped me.

CONTRACTOR BY THE BYOM DRIFT.

BABY CHICKS' SEX

Japanese System Is Seen as Great Saving.

Keen eyesight and nimble fingers may be as important to the poultry man as his knowledge of rations, in the future, should a system of sex determination now being introduced in Japan gain favor in America.

Mr. Yogo, Japanese scientist, startied poultry experts recently at the International Baby Chiek association convention at Grand Rapids, Mich. by determining the sex of 100 one-dayold baby chicks in six and a half minutes, without an error.

old baby chicks in six and a half minutes, without an error.
Skeptical poultry experts, after
Yogo had completed his demonstration, opened the chicks and through
pos. mortem examinations checked up
on the accuracy of the determinations.
Practical application of the Japancese system is seen in the savings
that may be effected by destroying the
mule chicks, which eat quite as much
as the female chicks, before their uselessness is exposed by development of
mannish characteristics. In the case
of Leghorns, which are of little value
as broilers, this is said to be an important item.

portant item.

With the heavier breeds, the male chicks may be disposed of to broiler producing plants. Saving on brooding equipment is a third possible benefit.

Fast-Growing Chickens

Eat More Than Unthrifty Eat More Than Unthrifty. Heavy layers eat more than the unthrifty. Heavy layers eat more than poor layers. In neither case, however, is the difference in the quantities of feed consumed as great as the difference in the results obtained. Poor birds eat much more proportionately than good ones. The reason is because chicks that grow well and hens that lay well are birds which constitutionally are able to make full use of all feed taken into the system, while much of that eaten by those which are inferior in this respect passes through the system undigested.

The fundamental principle in mod-

this respect passes through the system undigested.

The fundamental principle in modern poultry feeding is to feed so liberally that not a bird in the flock will ever be unable to get all the feed it wants. In doing this feed is kept before the flock practically all the time. In renewing supplies of the different kinds of feed at regular intervals, it is often noticed that the consumption from day to day or from week to week is variable. This is most noticeable with adult stock. It is apt to be overlooked in chicken's because they constantly require larger amounts until full grown. Because of this variability close weighings of feed consumed in short periods, when taken as the basis of computation for the full period of growth, or for laying hens for a year are seldom accurate.

Screens Under Roosts

Found Good Investment

Found Good Investment
Inventions that will prevent chickens from scratching in and walking over the droppings in the pen are coming into use and are proving popular because profitable. Dropping boards under roosts are regarded as a common menace wherever they exist. A poultryman who found this out to his sorrow describes how he protected his birds from this danger.

"We took 6-inch fencing boards and made a rectangle 5 by 12 feet (the size of the dropping board tables), nailing the boards so as to make a box 6 inches high. Over this we stretched 2-inch mesh poultry netting, drawing it tight, and then placed the roosts on top. When we wish to clean the dropping boards we need only propup the whole roost section. No disease will be picked up from the night droppings. Manure will not be carried from dropping boards to nests nor will pullets be sitting on droppings instead of on roosts. This method is one that any farmer can employ and the expense is very low when compared with the benefits. This is worth keeping in mind when planning the winter poultry house."

Chicken Pox Protection

Chicken Pox Protection

To protect from chicken pox remove all affected birds from the flock. Put them in a pen as far away from the main flock as possible. See that all stagnant water is taken away, as this breeds mosquitoes, and these pests transmit the chicken pox. The entire flock should then be vacchated with pox vaccine by pulling five feathers from the leg of the bird and, with a small brush, applying the vaccine to the holes where the feathers were pulled. pulled

Delaying Fall Molt

It is evident that the longer the fall molt on all of the birds can be delayed, the higher will be the average egg production. It is just as important, however, not to go to the other extreme and delay molt so late in the fall that the birds do not have time to get their new coat of feathers started before cold weather sets in. The normal rest period appears to be from two to three months. The early molter usually takes a much longer time to grow new feathers. to grow new feathers.

Liberal Mash Feeding Liberal Mash Feeding
If a hen is to lay a large number of
eggs, she must have more protein than
is supplied in the common mixture of
grains grown on the farm. This is
most easily accomplished, under ordinary conditions, by feeding a dry mash
made up of ground grains or mill byproducts, and in addition animal proteln in the form of meat scraps or fish
meal. It is common belief that ground
grains can be utilized by the hen more
quickly than can whole grains, so that
liberal mash feeding is effective.



WHY, PROFESSOR!

Jane, the maid, tapped timidly on the professor's study door and en-tered.

"Gentleman in the hall wishes to speak to you, sir," she said. The professor looked up from his

book. "Tell him I'm out, Jane," he said

rusquely.

Jane shrugged her shoulders hope

"I did, sir," she replied; "but he won't go."
"What!" ejaculated her master angrily. "Send him in to me and I will tell him myself."

No Risk
A desperate looking man entered
a railway carriage where a woman
and her small daughter were already
seated. Feeling alarmed, the woman
tried to get him to leave the carriage
by saying: "I think it only fair to
tell you, sir, that my little girl has
scarlet feyer."

scarlet fever."
"That's all right, madam," replied the man. "I'm committing suicide at the first tunnel, anyway."

Gumitis
"I thought I had discovered a new disease. The patient maintained that he could hardly drag his feet

"What did the diagnosis show, doc

r?"
"That he had stepped on some ewing gum."—Louisville Courier-

New Reducer

History Lecturer—Can anyone tellme what makes the Tower of Pisa lean?

THEY'LL FALL IN LINE

"Yes," said Martin, "it was a sad case about that fellow. Since he lost all his money half his friends don't know him."

"What about the other half?" asked Brown.

"They don't know yet that he's lost it."

Taking the Count
Miss G. N., of Piqua, Ohio, tells us
that their minister says he doesn't
mind members of the congregation
pulling out their watches on him,
but it gets his goat to have them put
the darn things up to their ears to
see if they are going.—Sam Hill in
the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Absent-Minded Again Professor's Wife—What in world is the matter? You drenched.

Professor—I had a bath and forgot to take off my clothes.—Boston Tran-

SAFETY FIRST



"Yes, my daughter has eloped."
"But I suppose you will forgive the young couple?"
"Not until after they have located a place to board."

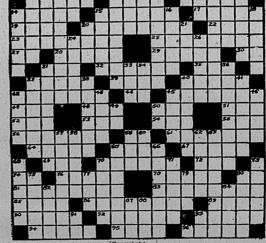
Looked Like It

Looked Like It

As the car drew up at the crossroads two hands were thrust out,
Mrs. Driver's signaling a turn to the
left. Mr. Driver's a turn to the right.
"What do you two want?" said the
polleeman, strolling up. "A separation?"

me what makes the Tower of Pisa lean?
Stout Lady—I don't know or I'd take some myself.—Capper's Weekly, "So does mine—shoes and hats."

CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Horizontal.

55—Nothina
66—Crouches
50—Interrogation
61—Shrill, discordant whistle
64—Procreate
63—Highway
67—Beam, set as a prop
60—Angling term
70—Goddess of the hearth

70—Goddess of the kenri 72—One 74—Conjunction 70—Public assembly 78—Foreibly 80—One 81—Falsetto tenor voice 83—Capturing cattle 85—A aspecial privilege 80—Of boundless extent 80—Tune 90—Wanderer

93—Engraved circular piece of metal 94—Restore 95—Term used in printing 96—Disinfectant

Vertical.

Vertical.

1—Flavor

2—Expression of hearty assent

3—Blow through

4—Part of verb "to he"

5—Regular contraction of the heart

6—Curve

7—Contest between nations

8—Cowardly fellow

10—Exclamation

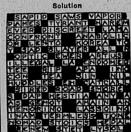
11—City in California

12—Verbal

13—Forgive



40—Pinenpples
41—Aged
42—Disease of the akin
43—Prevarientes
45—Noble
46—Child's toy,
49—Parent
50—Like
57—Interpreter to an embassy
68—Person afflicted with abhorrest
disease





"And hurricane-blown water, pierc-

Washington.—President Roosevelt's bold move in ordering the Reconstruction Finance corportion of the reconstruction Finance corportions. What Gold atton to purchase Buying Means newly mined gold, with a view to forcing higher commodity prices, has led to more discussion and, I may add, confusion, than anything he has done since the banking holiday of last March. He described the action as a move toward development of a "managed currency" for the new deal. His action was as swift as it was unexpected.

action was as swift as it, was uncertainty pected.

The fact that his announcement created so much confusion and resulted in so much discussion is attributable largely, I believe, to the lack of knowledge, and the same peculic concerns. edge generally among people concern-ing the part gold plays in the coun-

edge generally among people concerning the part gold plays in the country's economic structure. In the absence of that understanding, the natural question was: what's it all about? And to show how the program succeeded in stirring things up, I need add only that the discussion continues and the confusion remains.

Mr. Roosevelt sought, by having a federal agency buy the new gold at prices above that which gold is valued at in world markets, to make the dollar less valuable as it is measured in world trade. It was a move, therefore, supplemental to his action of last March when he placed an embargo on export of gold. That action resulted in more dollars being required to buy an ounce of gold than when gold could be bought and sold freely. In other words, gold became more desirable to have than did the currency of the United Stares even when it was issued against gold.

Thus, as a correlative fact, more dollars were required to buy a bale of cotton or a wagonload of corn or wheat or a hog or share of stock in a corporation than had been required before the embargo on export was lid. When the federal government,

a corporation than had been required before the embargo on export was laid. When the federal government, for the Reconstruction Finance corporation is an agency of the government, began to buy the newly mined gold at prices higher than if the gold were being bought for minintg into money, the dollars became cheaper again.

The President hoped for an increase in prices of farm commodities and all other things entering into trade corresponding with the reduction of value in the dollar as measured in world

dollar as measured in world (After all is said and done, trade. (After all is said and done, world trade governs the value of commodities because only in world trade does the age-old law of supply and demand operate unhampered.) For example, the federal statute providing for the value of the gold dollar made the ounce of gold worth \$20.67. The first day's purchase of the new gold was made on a rate of \$31.36 per ounce of fine gold. It was Mr. Roosevelt's hope, and the theory of the ecohomists who believe in the Roosevelt program, that prices would advance so that commodities would be worth roughly one-third more after the purchase of the new gold than they were worth in February before gold was withdrawn from circulation. To draw the comparison on basic dates nearer to each other: the price at which the initial purchases of new gold were made should have increased the price of commodities by a percentage as large as was the difference between the price paid by the government for the new gold and the price at which that gold could have been sold in the world market.

**Whether the thing is capable of world trade governs the value of com

Whether the thing is capable of working that way remains unanswered as far as I am able Call It an to see. Indeed, the Experiment conviction held by most monetary experts and students of finance in, Washington is that the program cannot be regarded in any other light than as an experiment. It must be considered an experiment for the reason it never has been tried before so that results of a test are not available.

But Mr. Roosevelt believed that the argument advanced by some of his "brain trust" advisers was worth an experiment, I am told on what I consider to be good authority that practical monetary men in the administration had no part in formulating the program. The theorists developed the scheme and the President accepted it.

Use of the experiment had to be adopted before any further moves could be made toward a "managed currency." The idea of a "managed currency is that the value of the currency shall be made to fluctuate, thus maintaining a stable price for a bushel of wheat or a bale of cotton or products made from them. In other words, the theorists argue that the value of the dollar can be controlled to such the dollar can be controlled to such an extent that the prices of all com-modities, whatever they are, will range within a very narrow limitation from

within a very narrow limitation from year to year.

The position these theorists take is that by managing the currency, there is just one thing to control, whereas by keeping the currency on a stable value, commodities undergo price changes and there are many commodities to worry about. In the current operation, the move is one of buying gold to make the dollar worth less. If prices of commodities reach a point too high, then the government will sell gold. Immediately, according to the theory, the value of the dollar would go up and that would result in a dollar buying more of a given commodity.

I have been unable to learn from any

I have been unable to learn from any I have been unable to learn from any of the folks who had a hand in development of the Human Factors present program Involved just how they will overcome certain human factors in the situation For instance, the value of the dollar may be fixed so it will buy one bushel of wheat, but other wheat countries in the world may have a tremendous

in the world may have a tremendous crop. They will have much more than

they can use and, naturally, the prothey can use and, naturally, the producers will want to sell badly, so badiy, in fact, that they will take 25 cents a bushel for the wheat. Will Americans deliberately pay \$1 when they any et wheat for 25 cents, or will there be a tariff wall built so high that no wheat can enter this country at all? And if there is that tariff wall, how will foreigners buy our goods, some of which, they obviously are going to want? The circumstance is that unless they can sell something here, they will run out of money eventually and cannot pay for purchases in America. That situation will run through our entire structure of commerce and business.

In fairness, it must be said that if

ness.

In fairness, it must be said that if there can be world-wide control of production and if industrial production can be stabilized and if employment remains the same, then certainly the government can "manage" its currency.

There is much discussion in Washington, however, that the gold purchase plan constitutes the first step in a general inflation of the currency. On the face of things, it wquld seem that inflation is certain. On the other hand, Mr. Roosevelt is regarded by many men who know him and have known him through the years, as an individual who wants and will have sound money. They are saying that even now he is leaning away from inflation because he has seen what inflation did to Germany and what it has done to every other country attempting it. Sooner or later, their currency became worth only the value of the paper as script or waste, or souvenirs.

There seems to be no doubt that fox farming is an important industry. It has at last been recelled for ognized as such by Fox Farmers it seems, have suffered like others during the depression and have to have help. They are going to get it, too, from the farm credit administration. Here is the announcement, officially made by the Department of Agriculture:

"Considering silver fox raising a business that calls for long experience and special equipment, the farm credit administration has informed the Department of Agriculture:

"Considering silver fox raising a business that calls for long experience and special equipment, the farm credit administration has informed the Department of Agriculture that it plans to make loans on silver foxes as primary security, but it will make such loans only to those operators who have specialized in fox farming, have proper equipment and have shown expert knowledge in the general care and feeding of the animals. Each application, it is added, will be considered on its merits, and in cases where fox farming is incidental to general farming or other business operations, silver foxes may be considered as additional security, within reasonable limits."

In other words, the farm credit administration has decided that a silver fox is just as good as a hore, or a cow or a pig as security for a government loan, and regional credit corporations have been advised they may make loans on that basis. After talking with some of the Department of Agriculture folks, I am inclined to the opinion that possibly the fox pelts are better security than some other farm animals. Certain it is that individuals who can afford such luxuries still have money, and they are about the only ones in the country still having it.

money, and they are about the only ones in the country still having it.

The truth of the old adage that "politics makes strange bedfellows," never has been better demonstrated than under the present administration. There is considerable comment on these conditions among Washington observers, and Republicans are overflowing with mirth about the actions taken.

"We Republicans have been enjoying this one phase of the administration's recovery efforts," said one Republican leader. "Just think of it! Here is a political party that throughout its history has argued for low tariffs and has criticized those of us who have insisted there must be protection for home industry. That same party, having full responsibility for the government, now is turning to high tariffs in a number of cases and has even gone to the extreme of laying an embargo on competitive goods from abroad. Shade of Boles Penrose, (the late Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania) the thing is laughable."

And the Republican leader's assertion about use of the tariff, by the

laughable."

And the Republican leader's assertion about use of the tariff by the Roosevelt administration was true. More than that, it is apparent that there will be additional use made of high rates that can be invoked under the flexible provisions of the tariff laws, provisions which the Democrats, when in the minority in congress, vigorously opposed.

when in the minority in congress, vigorously opposed.

For example, there is a move to obtain an increase in the tariff rate on rye. The flexible provisions permit an increase of 50 per cent over the rate fixed in the law upon recommendation of the tariff commission. The rye tariff is 15 cents a bushel, so that if the tariff commission finds production costs are higher in the United States than abroad, the commission can so advise the President and he will proclaim a rate of 22½ cents in effect.

Then, there is the power which President Roosevelt gave General Johnson, national recovery administrator, to lay an embargo against importation of merchandise that is "competitive" in character. That means, if General Johnson finds cheap foreign labor or subsidies or other such factors have resulted in foreign production far below our own costs hyere, he can invoke the embargo power and keep such goods out altogether. Americans thus would have to buy American products if they bought anything.

Perhaps the situation can be explained as having come about from the policy of isolation which the President is believed to be following in all of his plans. He has said nothing, but actions speak louder than words.

C. 1913, Western Newspaper Union.

When Death Angel Hovered

Epic of the Sea in Contest of American Sailors With Hurricane That Wrecked a City and Spread Devastation Along Coasts.

Following in the wake of the hurricane which Inshed Central America and the lower Pacific area, details of the storm and the bravery it called forth have been pleintful. Here is a graphic first-hand account of the escape of the steamer Virginia, written by G. B. Parker, editor-in-chief of the Scripps-Howard Newspapers, and published in the New York World-Telegram:

"The storm that wrecked a city couldn't sink the Virginia,

"Though the hurricane that formed right at the feet of the Virginia, off the British Honduras, was at its greatest intensity when it hit the ship, it falled to bring the death and destruction that it achieved when it reached Tampico, about for

when it reached Tampico, about fou

when it reached Tampico, about four days later.

"Its force had been cut down by water resistance for hundreds of miles before it got to Yucatan. Then it had to travel over the wilds of that tropical land, across more water, and finally to Tampico on the east const of Mexico.

"Its velocity there, where it did millions of dollars damage and killed many human beings, is said to have been around 110 miles an hour. When it struck the Virginia

to have been around 110 miles an hour. When it struck the Virginia it was not less than 120 miles, according to conservative Capt. G. V. Richardson of the Virginia, and it might have been, he says. '150 miles an hour, or whatever you want to say.' No estimate of such a wind was possible.

"Anyway, at eight o'clock the hurricane struck. Most of those passengers who weren't sensick and in their rooms were gathered in the lounge. A movie screen was being set up. The 'Bureau of Missing Persons' was to be shown.

set al. The butcaut of anissing fersons' was to be shown.

"There was an irony about that which nobody realized until after the storm was over. For, had it not been for the skill of Captain Richardson on the bridge, and the chief engineer. Ernest Prince, way down below the waterline, the Virginia would have contributed her large quota of missing persons.

"A sharp list to port came as the hurricane screeched its arrival. The great rugs in the lounge sild with all the furniture as the ship assumed its crazy angle and stayed there.

there.
"A 25-degree list, the conservative "A 25-degree list, the conservative captain says—anyway, greater than that which is shown in the famous picture of the Vestris taken just before the Vestris went down. And on the Vestris it was possible for passengers and crew to get on deck and some of them to the lifeboats. "On the Virginia it would no more have been possible for a human being to stand on deck than for a wheat straw to have floated calmly on the brink of Niagara.
"One sailor succeeded in staying

wheat straw to have honted calmy on the brink of Niagara.

"One sailor succeeded in staying aboard by silding on his belly across a deck where the hurricane had caught him. That deck was on the other side of the ship from the direction of the wind, but the suction of the hurricane was so great that even he, in what would have been a protected spot in an ordinary gale, had to dig with his toes and finger nails to reach an entrance which, when opened, could only be closed by the strength of five men, one of whom lost a hand in the closing.

"No lifeboats could have been lowered because no sailors could have manned the ropes. Those who might have tried would have been whiffed into the maw of that venomous storm.

"So, with furniture flying, and passengers reeling 20, 40, 50 feet, landing among chairs and davernports and dasks and music racks and bird enges and vases, the lights went out. Then they came on again. Then out once more, then on. "And down below—"The suction from the wind was such that the giant funnel, which on an oil burner is the vent for the furnace, went into "reverse." Instead of taking the gases and fumes up, it shot them back down, into the eyes and lungs of the engine room crew. And the big steel funnel, with its one foot of air insulation from inside lining to outside, went red-hot. On the morning after, the black and white paint on the funnel was seared and scorched.

NO FAIRY LORE FOR RUSS TOTS

Grim Soviet Leaders Afraid of Mother Goose.

Somebody asks what is going to become of the literature of the nursery when all the world has gone democratic and kings and queens are as extinct as the hairy rhinoceros? Take all the throned monarchs and princes and princesses out of Mother Goose and Grimm and what is there left? Only a few felling dull leaves left? Only a few felling dull leaves "But, fortunately, the normal func-tion of the chimney resumed as does the chimney of a fireplace that sometimes hurls smoke downward into the living room—and the en-gine crew escaped asphyxiation. princes and princesses out of Mother Goose and Grimm and what is there left? Only a few jejune, dull leaves with hardly enough of magic and delight in them to capture a child's fancy during the hour before the coming of the Sandman. Cinderella, Puss in Boots and the Sleeping Beauty are creatures of a kindly world in which the puissant are forever stooping to lend a hand to the children of misfortune. In Mother Goose kings hobnob with commoners on the most genial footing. There is our old friend King Cole, puffing at his pipe in a wine-cellar with his cronies, like Frederick the Great; the Queen sitting in the kitchen eating bread and honey; and that prime gourmand among potentates whose chef dished him up a pie of four and twenty singing blackbirds. If you banish these from the children's play books you might as well take away Santa Claus and be done with the control of the control of the control of the children's play books you might as well take away Santa Claus and be done with the control of the control of the children's play books you might as well take away Santa Claus and be done with the children's play books you might as well take away Santa Claus and be done with the children's play books you might as well take away Santa Claus and be done with the children's play books you might as well take away Santa Claus and be done with the children's play and particular and play and p "But the list of the ship made it impossible for water to go into the four great boilers that were lined on the port side of the boat. So the oil burners under these boilers were turned of—and half of the ship's "A great oil tank way at the top of the wall of that engine room, never before tested for such a list, began spewing oil down the well-onto the crew and over the floor on which the crew from then on had to "And hurricane-blown water, plercing the skylight as it pierced every door and window of the ship, came down in a shower and threatened the dynamos and would have killed the power had it not been for the cover to the screen which had been adjusted in the nick of time.

"Power gone in that storm would have meant either the bottom of the sea and several hundred "missing persons" or that the ship would have gone like a drunken cork on to the coast of Yucatan.

"Came a calm. It lasted less than ten minutes. The Virginia was going through that treacherous center which is the heart of every hurricane formation.

with it.

In America we perceive no harsh menace in these royal figures, no subtle monarchical propaganda in the rhymes and stories that paint kingship in so pleasant a light. But Russia, seeing in them something deep and dark and sinister, some time ago denounced them as inimical to the principles of the new regime, and it is to be presumed that for lack of these nursery Jingles and tales Russian children were for a while sung to sleep with ballads about the beauty of the Five-Year Plan and hydraulic pumps.

But now the Soviet authorities are out with an announcement that the

which is the heart of every hurri-cane formation.

"Now repeat the process, with a list to starboard instead of port. Again the lights out. Again the fur-niture reeling toward you. Again the suction down that funnel. Again the four great engines stripped of their power while the four on the other side resumed.

"It was all over in about an hour and a half. By midnight the sea was calm. side resumed.

"It was all over in about an hour and a half. By midnight the sea was calm.

"But never, according to sallors and stewards and other seagoing folk whose years on the ocean numbered into the scores, was there such a storm before. Never were the wings of the angel of death fluttering so violently or so near. And never did a ship put up a braver battle than did the Virginia, and her captain, and her engineer, and her crev.

"As for the passengers—

"There was no panicky praying. There was none of the classics of thidren's literature will be permitted," and we may look for early publication of a Russian Mother Goose and Grimm's Fairy Tales, carefully edited so that the Russian this head. They may reprint until will not get wrong ideas into its head. They may reprin

20 MINUTES LATER -

WHY BAYER

ASPIRIN

WORKS SO FAST
Drop a Bayer Tablet
in a glass of water.
Note that BEFORE
has started to disintegrate.
What it does in this
gass it does in your
stomach. Hence its
fast action.

QUICKLY MY NEURALGIA WENT. THAT BAYER ASPIRIN CERTAINLY WORKS

Almost Instant Relief

From Neuralgia

For Quick Relief Say BAYER Aspirin When You Buy

TAXI AND GO HOME.

TAXI AND GO HOME.

TVE DEVELOPED A

TERRIBLE

ATTACK OF

NEURALGIA

ASPIRIN TABLETS.

THEYLLGET RID OF

YOUR NEURALGIA

IN A FEW MINUTES

Here is quicker relief from pain—the fastest safe relief, it is said; ever known. This is due to a scientific discovery by which BAYER Aspirin starts "taking hold" of pain a few minutes after taking.

The illustration of the glass here tells the story. A Bayer tablet starts to disintegrate or dissolve—go to work—almost instantly. This means quick relief from pain—fewer lost hours from headache, neuritis, rheumatism. And safe relief. For genuine Bayer Aspirin does not harm the heart.

When you buy, see that you get the genuine Bayer Aspirin. The best way is never to ask for aspirin by the name "aspirin" alone. But if you want Bayer Aspirin's quick relief always to say "BAYER Aspirin."

but that one of these days the ban will be lifted from "A Visit of St. Nicholas" even though Russian chil-dren have to ask one another in what corner of the world such wonderful things can happen?—Boston Tran-script.

For Secret Writing
Most invisible inks are made with
paste drier as a base and one of the
mineral saits as a coloring medium.
Heat is used to develop the printing
and mistrus to make it discounts. and moisture to make it disappear

and moisture to make it disappear.
Of the chemicals possessing this property are cobalt chloride, barium sulphate, barium nitrate, copper chloride, dilute sulphuric acid, potassium nitrate, and equal parts of alum and, garlic juice.

Another form of invisible ink is made from a mixture of transparent tint base and paste drier. It is invisible when dry, but shows up clearly when rubbed with an ordinary lead pencil.

HERE ARE THE **USUAL SIGNS OF**

Nervousness Sleepless Auto-intoxication

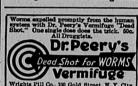


TAKE—2 teaspoonfuls of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia in a glass of water every morning when you get up. Take another teaspoonful 30 minutes attre eating. And another before you go to bed.

DR—Take the new Philos Milk of Magnesia Take the new Philos Milk of Magnesia Teach teaspoonful as directed above.

ALSO IN TABLET FORM

Phillips' Milk of Magnesia



OLD POSTAGE STAMPS bring big money, High as \$500 for one stamp. What have you? I buy singles and collections. T. PRENCOTT 79 Matlock St. - Paterson, N. J.



OTHER UNUSUAL FEATURES

ROOMS \$250 SUITES \$600 IN THE HEART OF TIMES SQUARE

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills correct indigestion, constipation, liver complaint, billousness. They're Sugar Coated. 25c a box. Wright's Pill Co., 100 Gold St., N. Y. City. Adv.

Lose by Boasting
A "pull" is only useful to a man
who keeps still about it.

ACID STOMACH

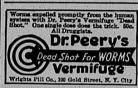
Headaches Mouth Acidity
Nausea Loss of Appetite
Indigestion Sour Stomach
Nervousness Sleeplessness

WHAT TO DO FOR IT:



If you have Acid Stomach, don't worry about it. Follow the simple directions given above. This small dosage of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia acts at once to neutralize the acids that cause headache, stomach pains and other distress. Try it. You'll feel like a new person.

But—be careful you get REAL milk of magnesia when you buy—genuine PHILLIPS' Milk of Magnesia. See that the name "PHILLIPS'" is on the label.



1000 ROOMS

SUN-RAY HEALTH LAMPS
Roof Solarium . . . Air-Cooled Resteur

NIPPED IN THE BUD

"Did Harry propose to you in flow "Yes; but I nipped it in the bud."

WHY YOUR HEALTH **DEPENDS UPON** YOUR KIDNEYS

Your Kidneys Are Constantly Eliminating Waste Poisons From Your Blood

To Be Well See That They Function Properly

YOUR KIDNEYS! Do you realize what an important part they play in your bodily health and length of life? They are the blood filters. Every 24 hours they excrete more than 500 grains of poisonous waste. Thus your kidneys are literally sentinels of your health.

It is well, then, to keep careful watch of your kidneys. If they fall to do their work fully, there is slow poisoning of the system, which may lead to many serious conditions.

Disordered kidney action and bladder irritations may give rise to scanty, painful or too frequent passage and getting up at night. One is apt to feel a dull, nagging backache, drowsy headaches and diziness.

While, naturally, temporary irregularities may occur, if the condition persists, it is well to look to your kidneys. There is positive danger in neglecting disordered kidney action.

If you have any reason to believe your kidneys are not functioning properly, why not give Doan's Pills a trial? No other advertised diuritic has such world-wide use. Nons is so well recommended.

Get Doan's today. Your druggist has them.

CuticuraOintment Soothes and Heals

skin irritations quickly and easily. Let it be your first thought in treat ing itching, burning affections, ecse-ma, pimples and other disfiguring blotches. No household should be Price 25c and 50c

ple each free. Address: "Cutic Dept. 13S, Malden, Mass.



now in effect at the HOTEL VICTORIA, NEW YORK.

Again under the popular man-NEW HOTEL VICTORIA OSSUMES first importance as the perfect headquarters for visitors to NewYork.The word "WELCOME" takes on a new meaning here.

1000 ROOMS

All newly decorated. Each room equipped with a PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER, RADIO, CIRCULA-TING ICE WATER, A "BEAUTY REST" MATTRESS, FULL LENGTH MIRROR, SPACIOUS CLOSET, WRITING DESK and other modern features

Suites and Sample Rooms Available
Varied Facilities for Meetings,
Banquets and Conventions





Sprinkled on a damp cloth Baking Soda cleans woodwork . . . and porcelain fixtures . . . it makes glassware bright, sparkling . . . and keeps nursing bottles safely clean . . . a standby in the kitchen for three generations [1846] ... with sour milk it is the perfect leavening ...expert cooks always use it when S DWIGHT

baking . . . it has many remedial uses 🤺 ...always keep two packages 💥 ... one upstairs ... one downstairs

...it is obtainable was everywhere for a few cents ... in sealed containers

PLEASE SEND ME FREE BOOK DESCRIBING USES OF BAKING SODA ALSO A SET OF COLORED BIRD CARDS (MEASE FEINT MAME AND ADDREST) Arm & Hammer and Cow Brand Baking Soda, helpful in many ways throughout the home, may be used with confidence whenever Sodium Bicarbonate is required. Mail the Economy Coupon today for a free copy of our Recipe Book, also a set of Bird Cards. OAR ST. MEW

DD-5

An important feature of the em-ployment situation incident to the construction work of the two Delaware mosquito control camps at Lewes and Slaughter Beach, is the hiring of men and selection of ma-terials are in the hands of the relief organizations, under the War Department, and not the State direct-

or's office at Lewes.

There seems to be some misunderstanding on this point, says W. S. Corkran, State director. All car-penters, laborers and other help penters, laborers and other help must be recommended by the Feder-al relief director, Vaughan A. Has-tings, at Georgetown, manager of the National Re-employment office for Sussex county, under Depart-ment of Labor, and the county re-lief director, J. W. Trought, of Laur-lants will station a representative el, who will station a representative on the two camp sites. All men who want jobs from now on must

rolls. As Lewes has no relief organization, it has been handled by the county authorities. The clerk at each camp, from now on, will be Hughes, with a number of friends supplied with relief lists whose from Houston, returned Monday names have been supplied and recommended at least twenty-four hours

SHERIFF'S SALE

of Valuable PERSONAL PROPERTY

By virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to sale by way of Public Vendue on the Reynolds Reed Farm, on the road leading from Dover to Haz-letville, about four miles west of

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14,1933 At Ten O'clock A. M.

The following described Personal

1 International Truck, Motor No. 1 international Truck, autor No. 6866; 1 Interna-tional Truck, Motor No. 13155, Ser-ial No. 5716; 1 Buick Coupe, Motor No. 2706421, Serial No. 2551084; 1 Chevrolet Truck, Motor No. T. 224-6787, Serial No. L. T. 4668; 1 G. M. C. Truck, Motor No. 2600394, Serial No. 3167; 1 Republic Truck, Motor No. T. S. 2007, Serial No. 280258; 1 Ford Roadster Lt. Delivery, Motor No. 7814396; 1 Chevrolet Coach, Motor No. 3299209, Serial No. 2 B. A. G682369; 1 Chevrolet Roadster, Lt. Delivery, Motor No. 4873443, Serial No. 2 A. B. 92185.

45 Head of Cattle

Ranging from 10-months old to 8-years old. A credited herd. These cows were all raised by Mr. Reed, and for a herd this size, no man

has better.

1 cow, Tag No. 69400; 1 cow, Tag No. 16082; 1 cow, Tag No. 69383; 1 cow, Tag No. 44350; 1 cow, Tag No. 51103; 1 cow, Tag No. 95765; 1 cow, Tag No. 95766; 1 cow, Tag No. 95707; 1 cow, Tag No. 40591; 1 cow, Tag No. 22289; 1 cow, Tag No. 69-378; 1 cow, Tag No. 69381; 1 cow, Tag No. 39-686; 1 cow, Tag No. 44349; 1 cow, Tag No. 44349; 1 cow, Tag No. 44349; 1 cow, Tag No. 39192; 1 cow, 1ag No. 39-686; 1 cow, Tag No. 44349; 1 cow, Tag No. 69378; 1 cow, Tag No. 37376; 1 cow, Tag No. 3617; 1 cow, Tag No. 396-

Tag No. 33617; 1 cow, Tag No. 39604; 1 cow, Tag No. 69382; 1 cow,
Tag No. 51111; 1 cow, Tag No. 396791; 1 cow, Tag No. 69374; 1 cow,
Tag No. 39797; 1 cow, Tag No.
69375; 1 cow, Tag No. 75745;
1 yearling, Tag No. 75748; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75748; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75749; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75750; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75750; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75755; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75755; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75750; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75760; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75761; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75762; 1 yearling, Tag No. 75763; 1 yearling

1 Pure-Bred Guernsey Bull, com-ing 3 years old. 70 Shoats

14 Head of Horses and Mules
1 pair dark toan horses, 8 years
old; 1 pair bay horses, 7 years old;
1 pair gray mares, 10 and 14 years
old; 1 roan horse, 3 years old; 2 bay
mares, 2 years old; 2 bay and roan
venting colls yearling colts.

1 gray mule, 20 years old; 1 p.ir brown and gray mules, 10 year.

Farming Implements

1 McCormick-Deering Binder, nearly new: 1 McCormick-Deering Drill; 1 McCormick-Deering Tractor Plow and Disk; 1 iron roller; 1 Mc-Cormick-Deering corn husker; five 2 McCormick-Deering mowers: 1 side delivery corn rake, 3 drag harrows. 1 power sprayer.

70 acres of wheat: 1000 burket corn, 20 tons hay; 30 acres clove. other Goods, and Chattels of Margaret Minner Rind owned by the Defendant is Writ.

TWELFTH GRADE All other Goods, and Chattels of

Seized and taken in execution a the property of Reynolds Reed and Anna H. Reed, his wife, and will be sold by

ROBERT A. SAULSBURY

Sheriff's Office, Dover, Del. Issued October 31, 1933. A. B. Carroll, Auctioneer. Grover C. Frear, Clerk.

Miss Margaret Shaub, of Wilming ton, spent the week with Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Hugg. Mr. and Mrs. Purnell Davis, of

York, Pa., have been visiting relatertaining Mrs. Jane Clifton, of Wil-

mington.

Mrs. Joseph Reeve had as weekend guests Mrs. Harry Money, of Rehoboth; Mrs. Harry Harrington, of St. Georges; Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Grant and son, Kenneth, of Wilmington, and Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Roe and Mr. White, of East Orange

I. J. Miss Hazel Hughes and Miss Ros alie Friedel, of Women's Callege Newark, spent the week-end with their parents here.

Mrs. Joseph Bringhurst relatives in West Chester and Wilmington several days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Her

Jr., and children, of Wilmington, and see these authorities.

The men already employed have been, so far as possible, from relief Mr. and Mrs. George C. Hering.

The regular W. C. T. U. meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Martha Friedel.

Miss Avis Dill and Miss Dorothy

from a trip to the Century of Prog-ress Exposition.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Sloan, of Westmont, N. J., and Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Cleeves and daughter, of Sharon Hill, Pa., have been guests of Dr. and Mrs. Bringhurst.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Bennett re turned Friday from a trip through the New England States. Mrs. John Hopkins, Jr., of Sud-

lersville, Md., spent Wednesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H.

Mrs. Cooper Gruwell has been vis iting her daughter, Mrs. Mary Smith, in New York. Mrs. George C. Hering has been

visiting her sister, Mrs. John Gra-ham, in Philadelphia, and her daugh-ter, Mrs. William Birnbrauer, in Lansdowne, Pa.

ATTENDANCE REPORT FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER

> (Continued From Page One) (Miss Winfrey's Room)

Boys Wilson Bradley Harlan Cooper Leo Feinstein Louis Friedman

Matilda Billings Janice Blades Emma Fry Pauline Jester Virginia Legates Marie Martin Myrtle Tatman Evelyn Wix Jeanette Wyatt

Pearl Wyatt
TENTH GRADE (Mr. Darbie's Boys

Jack Caldwell Franklin Jester Wilson Manship Wright Phillips

Virginia Hammond Beatrice Harriett Mareta Manship i'rances O'Neal Pauline Vanderwende

(Miss Cooper's Room)

Montgar Derrickson Maurice Harrington Albert Simpson Kenneth Tatman

Frank Wilson
ELEVENTH GRADE
(Miss Derrickson's Room) Boys

Gooden Callaway Herman Decktor Russell Harmstead William Parker

Mabel Anderson Janet Bradford Jessie Cahall Bernice Cain Sara Clifton Grace Lyon

(Miss Dickrager's Room)

Francis Grahar

Eioise Chi: ii: Clara Goldinger Sara Martin Katherine Rash Esther Wis Helen Wyatt

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